Canine ehrlichiosis

What to do with your SNAP® result

Positive result
The dog has been exposed and may be infected

Check for hematologic abnormalities (CBC and/or blood film) and changes in serum biomarkers; perform a complete chemistry panel that includes the IDEXX SDMA Test

Clinical signs and/or laboratory findings DO support anaplasmosis/ehrlichiosis
Clinical signs and/or laboratory findings DO NOT support anaplasmosis/ehrlichiosis

Doxycycline/tetracycline

Evaluate clinical response and CBC in 1 week; if no improvement, pursue other diagnosis

Evaluate tick prevention strategies and reinforce value of year-round protection

Negative result
Exposure is unlikely

• Review benefits of tick prevention
• Retest in 1 year

Diagnose*

Treat

Monitor

Prevent

*Additional diagnostics may be beneficial. See the “Serology and PCR for sick patients” section of this guide for more information.