# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF [X]For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 OR [ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_ \_ to \_ COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 000-19271 IDEXX LABORATORIES, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 01-0393723 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation (IRS Employer Identification No.) or organization) ONE IDEXX DRIVE, WESTBROOK, MAINE 04092 (Address of principal executive offices) (ZIP Code) 207-556-0300 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No 🗆 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗵 No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer  $\boxtimes$ Accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Non-accelerated filer П Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  $\Box$ No ⊠

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock, \$0.10 par value per share, was 92,005,024 on July 20, 2015.

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# Item 1. Financial Statements.

# IDEXX LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

Deferred income tax liabilities         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,351         1117,589			June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Current Assets:         \$ 163,152         \$ 322,356           Cash and cash equivalents         180,870         1.28.28           Accounts receivable, and of reserves of \$5,404 in 2015 and \$4,306 in 2014         189,444         152,380           Accounts receivable, and of reserves of \$5,404 in 2015 and \$4,306 in 2014         184,500         100,342           Deferred income tax assets         37,509         37,689           Other current assets, and         67,559         86,481           Total current assets         833,034         759,398           Long-Term Assets:         833,034         759,398           Property and equipment, net         326,041         303,887           Goodwill         179,705         184,450           Intagible assets, net         179,705         184,450           Total long-term assets, et         81,073         71,565,122           Other long-term assets         644,336         624,813           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 8,212         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable         \$ 8,212         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable         \$ 8,212         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable         \$ 9,205         35,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812	ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 163.152         \$ 322,536           Marketable securities         180,870         152,380           Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$5,404 in 2015 and \$4,306 in 2014         199,444         152,380           Inventories         184,500         153,280           Deferred income tax assets         67,559         86,451           Total current assets, net         67,559         86,451           Total current assets.         833,034         759,398           Long-Term Assets.         197,05         184,450           Intangible assets, net         197,05         184,450           Goodwill         117,705         184,450           Intangible assets, net         57,517         65,122           Other long-term assets         644,36         624,813           TOTAL ASSETS         5,147,370         3,134,211           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current Liabilities         9,144         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         59,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         3,1812           Total current liabilities         9,261         41,688           Defered income tax liabilities         39,261 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Marketable securities         180.870         152.380           Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$5.404 in 2015 and \$4.306 in 2014         199.444         152.380           Inventories         184.500         160.342           Deferred income tax assets         67.559         86.451           Total current assets, net         67.559         86.451           Tog-perty and equipment, net         28.041         303.587           Goodwill         179.05         184.450           Intangible assets, net         57.517         65.122           Other long-term assets         644.336         624.813           TOTAL ASSETS         81.073         71.654           TOTAL ASSETS         58.212         \$ 44,74           Accrued liabilities         9.044         195.511           Accrued liabilities         190.441         195.511           Accrued liabilities         190.441         195.511           Deferred income tax liabilities         9.04         \$49.000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28.775         30.000           Long-term debt         598.925         350.000           Long-term debt         598.925         350.000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion		\$	163 152	\$	322 536	
Accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$5,404 in 2015 and \$4,306 in 2014         199,444         152,380           Inventories         138,500         160,342           Deferred income tax assets         37,509         37,689           Other current assets         833,034         789,389           Long-Term Assets:         326,041         303,587           Goodwill         179,705         184,450           Intangible assets, net         57,517         65,122           Other long-term assets         581,073         71,654           Total long-term assets         643,336         62,813           Total Lassets         51,477,370         1,384,211           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current Liabilities         58,212         \$44,743           Accounts payable         \$5,82,12         \$44,743           Accounts payable         \$8,202         \$3,800           Current Liabilities         190,441         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         \$49,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current jabilities         91,25         58,000 <td colspa<="" td=""><td></td><td>Ψ</td><td></td><td>Ψ</td><td>322,330</td></td>	<td></td> <td>Ψ</td> <td></td> <td>Ψ</td> <td>322,330</td>		Ψ		Ψ	322,330
Inventories			,		152 380	
Deferred income tax assets Other current assets, net Other current assets, net Other current assets (87,55)         37,689           Other current assets.         83,034         759,398           Long-Term Assets:         830,041         303,587           Froperty and equipment, net Sport of Goodwill (179,705)         184,450         1179,705         184,450           Intangible assets, net Sport of Spor			,		,	
Other current assets, net         67.559         86.451           Total current assets         833,034         75.938           Long-Term Assets:         326,041         303,587           Goodwill         179,705         184,450           Intangible assets, net         81,073         71,654           Other long-term assets         644,336         624,813           Total long-term assets         644,336         623,813           TOTAL ASSETS         \$1,477,370         \$1,384,211           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$5,8212         \$4,743           Accrued liabilities         190,411         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         \$49,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         35,000           Long-term debt         598,925         35,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,666,622           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total labilities						
Total current asserts			,		,	
Dang-Ferm Assets:   Property and equipment, net   336,041   303,587     Goodwill   179,705   184,450     Intangible assets, net   57,517   65,122     Other long-term assets. net   644,336   624,813     TOTAL ASSETS   644,336   624,813     TOTAL ASSETS   1,477,370   1,384,211     LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Property and equipment, net         326,041         303,587           Goodwill         179,705         184,450           Intangible assets, net         57,517         65,122           Other long-term assets, net         644,336         624,813           TOTAL ASSETS         5 1,477,370         5 1,384,211           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 5,82,12         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable of credit         498,000         549,000           Current Liabilities         190,441         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         549,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         775,428         820,906           Long-Term Liabilities         39,261         44,688           Long-term defer devenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,351           Total long-term liabilities         31,334         32,351           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total long-term liabilities         693,391			055,054		137,376	
Goodwill         179,705         184,450           Intangible assets, net         57,517         65,122           Other long-term assets, net         81,073         71,654           Total long-term assets         644,336         624,813           TOTAL ASSETS         51,477,370         1,384,211           Current Liabilities:           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current Liabilities         85,212         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable         \$ 58,212         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable         \$ 99,041         190,341           Accounts payable         \$ 98,202         \$ 94,000           Line of credit         498,000         \$ 49,000           Current protion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         39,261         41,888           Deferred income tax liabilities         39,261         41,888           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,666           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716 <td colsp<="" td=""><td>_ ŭ</td><td></td><td>226.041</td><td></td><td>202 597</td></td>	<td>_ ŭ</td> <td></td> <td>226.041</td> <td></td> <td>202 597</td>	_ ŭ		226.041		202 597
Intangible assets, net			/ -		/	
Other long-term assets, net         81,073         71,654           Total long-term assets         644,336         624,813           TOTAL ASSETS         5 1,477,370         \$ 1,384,211           Current Liabilities           Accounts payable         \$ 58,212         \$ 44,743           Accrued liabilities         190,441         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         549,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total long-term liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         5,366         693,391         1,456,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         5,376<						
Total long-term assets         644,336         624,813           TOTAL ASSETS         6 1,477,370         6 1,584,211           LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY           Current Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 58,212         \$ 44,743           Accounts payable         \$ 190,441         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         549,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         75,428         80,906           Long-term debt         598,225         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,668           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Other long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockkolders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in- capital         888,293         96	C ,		/		,	
			- /		. ,	
Current Liabilities:   Accounts payable   \$ 58,212		Φ.	. ,	ф	. ,	
Current Liabilities:         \$ 58,212         \$ 44,743           Accrounts payable         \$ 190,441         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         549,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         775,428         820,906           Long-Term Liabilities:         820,906           Long-term Liabilities         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         50,000         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         50,000         1,468,819         1,266,622           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376 </td <td>TOTAL ASSETS</td> <td>3</td> <td>1,477,370</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,384,211</td>	TOTAL ASSETS	3	1,477,370	\$	1,384,211	
Accounts payable         \$ 58,212         \$ 44,743           Accrued liabilities         190,441         195,351           Line of credit         498,000         549,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         775,428         820,906           Long-Term Liabilities:         775,428         820,906           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         39,261         41,688           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         50,000         1,468,819         1,266,622           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss						
Accrued liabilities						
Line of credit         498,000         549,000           Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         775,428         820,906           Long-Term Liabilities:         820,906           Deferred income tax liabilities         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         Stockholders' Equity:         200,000           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071) <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td> /</td> <td>\$</td> <td>,</td>		\$	/	\$	,	
Current portion of deferred revenue         28,775         31,812           Total current liabilities         775,428         820,906           Long-Term Liabilities:         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost; 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468<			,		,	
Total current liabilities	Line of credit		,		/	
Deferred income tax liabilities   39,261   41,688   Long-term debt   598,925   350,000   Cong-term deferred revenue, net of current portion   23,871   21,665   Cong-term liabilities   31,334   32,363   Total long-term liabilities   693,391   445,716   Total liabilities   1,468,819   1,266,622   Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)   Stockholders' Equity:   Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively   10,235   10,195   Additional paid-in capital   921,678   888,293   Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively   5,376   5,066   Retained earnings   231,070   1,675,299   Accumulated other comprehensive loss   (22,275)   (8,071)   Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively   (1,137,616)   (2,453,266)   Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity   8,36   117,516   Noncontrolling interest   83   73   Total stockholders' equity   8,551   117,589   Total stockholders' equity   8,551   117,589   117	Current portion of deferred revenue		28,775		31,812	
Deferred income tax liabilities         39,261         41,688           Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,351         1117,589	Total current liabilities		775,428		820,906	
Long-term debt         598,925         350,000           Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         117,589	Long-Term Liabilities:					
Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion         23,871         21,665           Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock unitis: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         1117,589	Deferred income tax liabilities		39,261		41,688	
Other long-term liabilities         31,334         32,363           Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Long-term debt		598,925		350,000	
Total long-term liabilities         693,391         445,716           Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Long-term deferred revenue, net of current portion		23,871		21,665	
Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         1,468,819         1,266,622           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Other long-term liabilities		31,334		32,363	
Total liabilities         1,468,819         1,266,622           Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)         1,468,819         1,266,622           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Total long-term liabilities	_	693,391		445,716	
Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589			1,468,819		1,266,622	
Common stock, \$0.10 par value: Authorized: 120,000 shares; Issued: 102,347 and 101,947 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         10,235         10,195           Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)					
and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively       10,235       10,195         Additional paid-in capital       921,678       888,293         Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively       5,376       5,066         Retained earnings       231,070       1,675,299         Accumulated other comprehensive loss       (22,275)       (8,071)         Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively       (1,137,616)       (2,453,266)         Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity       8,468       117,516         Noncontrolling interest       83       73         Total stockholders' equity       8,551       117,589	Stockholders' Equity:					
Additional paid-in capital         921,678         888,293           Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589						
Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively         5,376         5,066           Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	and 2014, respectively; Outstanding: 92,636 and 47,373 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively		10,235		10,195	
Retained earnings         231,070         1,675,299           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Additional paid-in capital		921,678		888,293	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (22,275)         (8,071)           Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Deferred stock units: Outstanding: 240 and 235 units in 2015 and 2014, respectively		5,376		5,066	
Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively         (1,137,616)         (2,453,266)           Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Retained earnings		231,070		1,675,299	
Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity         8,468         117,516           Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(22,275)		(8,071)	
Noncontrolling interest         83         73           Total stockholders' equity         8,551         117,589	Treasury stock, at cost: 9,711 and 54,574 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively		(1,137,616)		(2,453,266)	
Total stockholders' equity 8,551 117,589	Total IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders' equity		8,468		117,516	
Total stockholders' equity 8,551 117,589	Noncontrolling interest		83		73	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8,551		117,589	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$		\$		

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(in thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Mor June 3				
		2015	_	2014		2015		2014
Revenue:								
Product revenue	\$	251,210	\$	237,515	\$	483,313	\$	456,907
Service revenue		162,133		152,607		312,507		293,418
Total revenue		413,343		390,122		795,820		750,325
Cost of Revenue:								
Cost of product revenue		91,203		86,956		174,573		164,998
Cost of service revenue		89,383		84,648		172,946		164,712
Total cost of revenue		180,586		171,604		347,519		329,710
Gross profit		232,757		218,518		448,301		420,615
Expenses:								
Sales and marketing		75,217		68,020		150,353		135,868
General and administrative		44,920		41,846		87,519		82,935
Research and development		24,317		25,433		49,323		48,547
Income from operations		88,303		83,219		161,106		153,265
Interest expense		(7,259)		(2,965)		(13,563)		(5,739)
Interest income		559		488		984		959
Income before provision for income taxes		81,603		80,742		148,527		148,485
Provision for income taxes		24,665		23,498		45,011		44,648
Net income		56,938		57,244		103,516		103,837
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		26		26		10		34
Net income attributable to IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders	\$	56,912	\$	57,218	\$	103,506	\$	103,803
Earnings per Share:								
Basic	\$	0.61	\$	0.56	\$	1.10	\$	1.01
Diluted	\$	0.60	\$	0.55	\$	1.09	\$	1.00
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:	<u> </u>		_		_		_	
Basic		93,384		102,250		93,829		102,739
Diluted		94,306		103,590		94,934		104,160

 $\label{thm:company:c$ 

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six M	Months e 30,	Ended	
	_	2015	_	2014	_	2015	_	2014
Net income	\$	56,938	\$	57,244	\$	103,516	\$	103,837
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:								·
Foreign currency translation adjustments		7,298		2,200		(12,934)		3,479
Unrealized gain on net investment hedge		737		-		737		-
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments, net of tax expense of \$12 and \$31 in 2015 and \$36 and \$4 in 2014		(26)		59		7		5
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments:								
Unrealized (loss) gain, net of tax (benefit) expense of (\$1,233) and \$1,849 in 2015 and (\$890) and (\$1,013) in 2014		(2,885)		(1,924)		4,300		(2,177)
Less: reclassification adjustment for losses (gains) included in net income, net of tax benefit (expense) of (\$1,451) and (\$2,704) in 2015								
and \$138 and \$91 in 2014		(3,350)		251		(6,314)		102
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments		(6,235)		(1,673)		(2,014)		(2,075)
Other comprehensive gain (loss), net of tax		1,774		586		(14,204)		1,409
Comprehensive income		58,712		57,830		89,312		105,246
Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest		26		26		10		34
Comprehensive income attributable to IDEXX Laboratories, Inc.	\$	58,686	\$	57,804	\$	89,302	\$	105,212

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 2015 Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net income \$ 103,516 103,837 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 32,944 28.089 Provision for uncollectible accounts 788 1,448 (2,055) (5,225)Benefit of deferred income taxes Share-based compensation expense 9,642 8,820 Other 417 110 Tax benefit from share-based compensation arrangements (8,746)(7,960) Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (57,126)(9,786) Inventories (16,023) (5,575) (2,950) 32,792 Other assets Accounts payable (2,992)337 Accrued liabilities (27,589) (3,344) (706) Deferred revenue 8.139 Net cash provided by operating activities 65,522 115,280 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchases of property and equipment (46,873) (25,410) Purchase of marketable securities (190,370) Proceeds from the sale and maturities of marketable securities 10,039 Proceeds from sale of equity investment 5,400 (383) (1,161) Acquisitions of a business, net of cash acquired Acquisitions of intangible assets (175)(227,587) (21,346) Net cash used by investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities: (Repayments) borrowings on revolving credit facilities, net (51,000) 107,000 Debt issue costs (127)(1,156)Issuance of long-term debt 250,097 (1,394)Payment of notes payable (220,097) Repurchases of common stock (196,626) Proceeds from exercises of stock options and employee stock purchase plans 15,650 14,707 7,960 Tax benefit from share-based compensation arrangements 8,746 Net cash provided (used) by financing activities 3,269 (69,509) Net effect of changes in exchange rates on cash 1,565 (588)Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (159,384)25,990

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

322,536

163,152

279,058

305,048

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

# NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the requirements of Regulation S-X, Rule 10-01 for financial statements required to be filed as a part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "IDEXX," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us" refer to IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. We do not have any variable interest entities for which we are the primary beneficiary. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of our management, all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of our financial position and results of operations. All such adjustments are of a recurring nature. The consolidated balance sheet data at December 31, 2014 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year or any future period. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "2014 Annual Report") filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

#### Stock Split

On May 6, 2015, we announced a two-for-one split of our outstanding shares of common stock which was effected through a stock dividend that was paid through the issuance of treasury shares. The stock split entitled each stockholder of record at the close of business on May 18, 2015 to receive one additional share of common stock for each outstanding share of common stock held. The additional shares of our common stock paid pursuant to the stock split were distributed by the Company's transfer agent on June 15, 2015. All share and per share amounts in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, condensed consolidated statement of operations and notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements retroactively reflect the effect of the stock split unless otherwise noted

# Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. Such reclassifications had no material impact on previously reported results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

# NOTE 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used in preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report, except for our significant accounting policies related to marketable securities.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we purchased marketable debt securities, which are classified as available-forsale and carried at fair value in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. We have classified our investments with maturities beyond one year as short-term, based on their highly liquid nature and because such marketable securities represent the investment of cash that is available for current operations. Unrealized holding gains and losses are deferred within accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"), net of applicable taxes, except for when an impairment is determined to be other-thantemporary or the security is divested prior to maturity. Interest earned and realized gains and losses on the sale of our marketable securities are included in interest income and other income and expense, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. We perform ongoing reviews to evaluate whether an unrealized loss on an investment represents an other-than-temporary impairment. An unrealized loss exists when the fair value of an investment is less than its amortized cost. When determining whether an impairment is other-than-temporary, we consider the duration and extent to which the fair value of the investment has been below its cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer as expressed by the security's credit rating and rating outlook, and whether a credit event has occurred, including the failure of the issuer to make scheduled interest or principal payments. Should we intend to sell or determine that we would more likely than not be required to sell the security before the expected recovery of the amortized cost basis, we would consider the loss to be other-than-temporary and charge income in the period such determination is made. For debt securities that we have no intent to sell and for which we believe that it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell prior to recovery, only the credit loss component of the impairment is charged to income, while any remaining loss remains recognized in AOCI. The credit loss component is identified as the difference between the present value of expected cash flows expected to be collected and the amortized cost of the investment.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment which will replace most of the existing revenue recognition guidance within U.S. GAAP. The core principle of this guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue for the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that it expects to be entitled to receive for those goods or services. In doing so, companies will be required to make certain judgments and estimates, including identifying contract performance obligations, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price among separate performance obligations. Additionally, the amendment requires disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, significant judgments reached in the application of the guidance and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract. In July 2015, the FASB voted to defer the effective date of the amendment to apply to public business entities for annual and interim periods ending after December 15, 2017. The amendment allows for two methods of adoption: a full retrospective method or a modified retrospective approach with the cumulative effect recognized at the date of initial application. We are in the process of determining the method of adoption and the impact of this amendment on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued an amendment that requires management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles that are currently in U.S. auditing standards. The amendments in this update provide guidance about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued and to provide related footnote disclosures. In doing so, the amendments should reduce diversity in the timing and content of footnote disclosures. The amendments in this update apply to all entities and are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. This amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued amendments which change the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities, placing more emphasis on risk of loss when determining a controlling financial interest. The amendments in this update apply to all entities and are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. This amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued amendments that require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. Under current guidance, our debt issuance costs are reflected as a deferred charge, within other current assets, net and other long-term assets, net on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. This update is effective for the annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued amendments that provide guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. The new guidance does not change the accounting for a customer's accounting for service contracts. The standard update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted. The standard allows for adoption retrospectively or prospectively to all arrangements entered into or materially modified after the effective date. The amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In May 2015, the FASB issued amendments which remove the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value as a practical expedient for fair value. Removing investments measured using the practical expedient from the fair value hierarchy is intended to eliminate the diversity in practice that currently exists with respect to the categorization of these investments. The new guidance requires reporting entities to continue to disclose information on investments for which fair value is measured at net asset value (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient to help users understand the nature and risks of the investments and whether the investments, if sold, are probable of being sold at amounts different from net asset value. A reporting entity should apply the amendments retrospectively to all periods presented. This update is effective for public business entities during fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. This amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued amendments which simplify the existing guidance which requires entities to subsequently measure inventory at the lower of cost or market value. Under the amendments, an entity should measure inventory valued using a first-in, first-out or average cost method at the lower of cost and net realizable value, which is defined as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. This update is effective for public business entities during fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. This amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

# NOTE 3. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The fair value of options, restricted stock units, deferred stock units and employee stock purchase rights awarded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$1.8 million and \$23.8 million, respectively, as compared to \$2.5 million and \$22.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The total unrecognized compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, for unvested share-based compensation awards outstanding at June 30, 2015 was \$46.8 million, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.0 years.

We determine the assumptions used in the valuation of option awards as of the date of grant. Differences in the expected stock price volatility, expected term or risk-free interest rate may necessitate distinct valuation assumptions at each grant date. As such, we may use different assumptions for options granted throughout the year. Option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of our common stock at the date of grant. We have never paid any cash dividends on our common stock, and we have no intention to pay such a dividend at this time; therefore, we assume that no dividends will be paid over the expected terms of option awards. The weighted averages of the valuation assumptions used to determine the fair value of each option award on the date of grant and the weighted average estimated fair values were as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2015		2014	
Expected stock price volatility	23 %		28 %	
Expected term, in years <sup>1</sup>	5.6		5.7	
Risk-free interest rate	1.5 %		1.5 %	
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$ 19.72	\$	18.07	

#### NOTE 4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of marketable securities were as follows (in thousands):

As of June 30, 2015	 Amortized Cost	 Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Corporate bonds	\$ 143,233	\$ 12	\$ (157)	\$ 143,088
Agency bonds	18,150	1	-	18,151
U.S. government bonds	10,211	4	-	10,215
Commercial paper	3,747	-	-	3,747
International government bond	2,270	-	(3)	2,267
Certificate of deposit	2,000	-	-	2,000
Municipal bond	1,400	2	-	1,402
Total marketable securities	\$ 181,011	\$ 19	\$ (160)	\$ 180,870

No marketable securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for more than twelve months. The marketable securities held by the Company were high investment grade, and there were no marketable securities that we consider to be other-than-temporarily impaired as of June 30, 2015.

Remaining contractual maturities of marketable securities were as follows (in thousands):

As of June 30, 2015	 Amortized Cost	 Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 114,841	\$ 114,783
Due after one through two years	 66,170	 66,087
	\$ 181,011	\$ 180,870

# NOTE 5. INVENTORIES

Inventories, which are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market, include material, conversion costs and inbound freight charges. The components of inventories were as follows (in thousands):

	 June 30, 2015	 December 31, 2014
Raw materials	\$ 30,471	\$ 26,908
Work-in-process	20,254	16,859
Finished goods	133,775	116,575
Inventories	\$ 184,500	\$ 160,342

# NOTE 6. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

The decrease in goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2015 resulted from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The decrease in intangible assets other than goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2015 resulted primarily from the continued amortization of our intangible assets and changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

# NOTE 7. OTHER CURRENT AND LONG-TERM ASSETS

Other current assets, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	 June 30, 2015	 December 31, 2014
Prepaid expenses	\$ 30,378	\$ 32,672
Taxes receivable	12,906	28,926
Customer acquisition costs, net	14,230	11,262
Other assets	10,045	13,591
Other current assets, net	\$ 67,559	\$ 86,451

Other long-term assets, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	 June 30, 2015	 December 31, 2014
Investment in long-term product supply arrangements	\$ 12,165	\$ 10,765
Customer acquisition costs, net	36,774	28,165
Other assets	 32,134	 32,724
Other long-term assets, net	\$ 81,073	\$ 71,654

#### NOTE 8. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	 June 30, 2015	 December 31, 2014
Accrued expenses	\$ 62,822	\$ 55,655
Accrued employee compensation and related expenses	53,483	75,232
Accrued taxes	29,334	28,439
Accrued customer programs	44,802	36,025
Accrued liabilities	\$ 190,441	\$ 195,351

# NOTE 9. DEBT

In June 2015, we entered into an Amended and Restated Multi-Currency Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement (the "Amended Agreement"), among the Company, Prudential Investment Management, Inc. ("Prudential") and the accredited institutional purchasers named therein, which amends and restates the Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement dated July 21, 2014. Pursuant to the Amended Agreement, we issued and sold through a private placement a principal amount of 48.9 million (approximately \$100 million) of 1.785% Series C Senior Notes due June 18, 2025 (the "2025 Notes"). We used the net proceeds from this issuance and sale of the 2025 Notes for general corporate purposes, including repaying amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility.

The Amended Agreement also provides for an uncommitted shelf facility by which we may request that Prudential purchase, over the next three years, up to \$75 million (or the foreign currency equivalent) of additional senior promissory notes of the Company at a fixed interest rate and with a maturity date not to exceed twelve years (the "Shelf Notes"). Prudential is under no obligation to purchase any of the Shelf Notes. The interest rate of any series of Shelf Notes will be determined at the time of purchase. The proceeds of any series of Shelf Notes will be used only for general corporate purposes.

In December 2014, we entered into a Multi-Currency Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement (the "MetLife Agreement") with accredited institutional purchasers named therein pursuant to which we agreed to issue and sell \$75 million of 3.25% Series A Senior Notes having a seven-year term (the "2022 Notes") and \$75 million of 3.72% Series B Senior Notes having a twelve-year term (the "2027 Notes"). In February 2015, we issued and sold the 2022 Notes and the 2027 Notes pursuant to the MetLife Agreement. We used the net proceeds from these issuance and sales for general corporate purposes, including repaying amounts outstanding under our revolving credit facility.

Since December 2013, we have issued and sold through private placements senior notes that have an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$600 million pursuant to certain note purchase agreements (collectively, the "Senior Note Agreements"). The Senior Note Agreements contain affirmative, negative and financial covenants customary for agreements of this type. The negative covenants include restrictions on liens, indebtedness of our subsidiaries, priority indebtedness, fundamental changes, investments, transactions with affiliates, certain restrictive agreements and violations of laws and regulations. The financial covenant is a consolidated leverage ratio test that requires our ratio of debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and share-based compensation, as defined in the Senior Note Agreements, not to exceed 3.5-to-1. At June 30, 2015 we were in compliance with the covenants of the Senior Note Agreements. See Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding our senior notes.

#### NOTE 10. REPURCHASES OF COMMON STOCK

The following is a summary of our open market common stock repurchases for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		For the Three Jun	e Months I ne 30,	Ended	For the Six Months Ende June 30,		
	<u> </u>	2015		2014	2015		2014
Shares repurchased <sup>1</sup>		1,415		1,947	3,133		3,099
Total cost of shares repurchased	\$	93,461	\$	126,347	\$ 227,108	\$	196,626
Average cost per share	\$	66.07	\$	64.88	\$ 72.50	\$	63.45

<sup>(1)</sup> Shares repurchased and acquired through employee surrender for payment of minimum required withholding taxes on and before June 15, 2015 and the associated average cost per share have been adjusted to reflect the June 2015 two-for-one stock split. Actual shares repurchased were approximately 890,000 and 973,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and approximately 1,749,000 and 1,549,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

We primarily acquire shares by means of repurchases in the open market. However, we also acquire shares that are surrendered by employees in payment for the minimum required withholding taxes due on the vesting of restricted stock units and the settlement of deferred stock units, otherwise referred to herein as employee surrenders. The number of shares acquired through employee surrenders during both the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was not material. We acquired approximately 64,000 shares having a total cost of \$5.1 million in connection with such employee surrenders during the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to approximately 84,000 shares having a total cost of \$5.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

In conjunction with a two-for-one split of our outstanding shares of common stock enacted on May 18, 2015, IDEXX paid the stock dividend on June 15, 2015 by issuing approximately 46.6 million shares of treasury stock having a total carrying value of approximately \$1.5 billion.

We issue shares of treasury stock upon the vesting of certain restricted stock units and upon the exercise of certain stock options. The number of shares of treasury stock issued during both the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was not material.

#### NOTE 11. INCOME TAXES

Our effective income tax rate was 30.2% and 30.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as compared to 29.1% and 30.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The increase in our effective rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same periods of the prior year was related to the resolution of domestic and international tax audits during both the three and six months ending June 30, 2014, which resulted in a net reduction in our provision for income taxes in those periods. This unfavorable factor was partly offset by greater tax benefits related to earnings subject to international tax rates that are lower than domestic tax rates during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

# NOTE 12. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The changes in AOCI, net of tax, for the six months ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following (in thousands):

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	_	Unrealized Gain on Investments, Net of Tax	_	Unrealized Gain on Derivative Instruments, Net of Tax	-	Unrealized Gain on Net Investment Hedge	Cumulative Translation Adjustment	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$	1	\$	7,361	\$	-	\$ (15,433)	\$ (8,071)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		7		4,300		737	(12,934)	(7,890)
Gains reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive								
income		-		(6,314)			<u> </u>	(6,314)
Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	8	\$	5,347	\$	737	\$ (28,367)	\$ (22,275)

The following is a summary of reclassifications out of AOCI for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

Details about AOCI Components	Affected Line Item in the Statement Where Net Income is Presented		Amounts Reclass the Three Mo	 om AOCI For Ended June 30,
			2015	2014
Gains (losses) on derivative instruments classified as cash flow hedges included in net income:		,		
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Cost of revenue	\$	5,066	\$ (124)
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense		(265)	(265)
•	Total gains (losses) before tax		4,801	(389)
	Tax expense (benefit)		1,451	(138)
	Gains (losses), net of tax	\$	3,350	\$ (251)
Details about AOCI Components	Affected Line Item in the Statement Where Net Income is Presented	_	Amounts Reclass the Six Mo	 om AOCI For
			2015	2014
Gains (losses) on derivative instruments classified as cash flow hedges included in net income:				
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Cost of revenue	\$	9,545	\$ 334
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense		(527)	(527)
	Total gains (losses) before tax		9,018	(193)
	Tax expense (benefit)		2,704	(91)
	Gains (losses), net of tax	\$	6,314	\$ (102)

# NOTE 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and vested deferred stock units outstanding during the year. The computation of diluted earnings per share is similar to the computation of basic earnings per share, except that the denominator is increased for the assumed exercise of dilutive options and assumed issuance of unvested restricted stock units and unvested deferred stock units using the treasury stock method unless the effect is anti-dilutive. The treasury stock method assumes that proceeds, including cash received from the exercise of employee stock options, the total unrecognized compensation expense for unvested share-based compensation awards and the excess tax benefits resulting from share-based compensation tax deductions in excess of the related expense recognized for financial reporting purposes, would be used to purchase our common stock at the average market price during the period. Vested deferred stock units outstanding are included in shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share because the associated shares of our common stock are issuable for no cash consideration, the number of shares of our common stock to be issued is fixed and issuance is not contingent. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding deferred stock units.

The following is a reconciliation of shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

	For the Three June		For the Six M June		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	93,384	102,250	93,829	102,739	
Shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share:					
Shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	93,384	102,250	93,829	102,739	
Dilutive effect of share-based payment awards	922	1,340	1,105	1,421	
	94,306	103,590	94,934	104,160	

Certain options to acquire shares and restricted stock units have been excluded from the calculation of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive. The following table presents information concerning those anti-dilutive options and restricted stock units for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

	For the Three Mon June 30,	ths Ended	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Weighted average number of shares underlying anti-dilutive options	995	701	756	569	
Weighted average number of shares underlying anti-dilutive restricted stock units	131	0	99	0	

# NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND GUARANTEES

Significant commitments, contingencies and guarantees at June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report, with the exception of approximately \$250 million of long-term debt issued during the six months ended June 30, 2015. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

# NOTE 15. SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision-maker, or decision-making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Our chief operating decision-maker is our Chief Executive Officer. Our reportable segments include diagnostic and information technology-based products and services for the veterinary market, which we refer to as the Companion Animal Group ("CAG"), water quality products ("Water") and diagnostic tests for livestock and poultry health and to ensure the quality and safety of milk and food, which we refer to as Livestock, Poultry and Dairy ("LPD"). Our Other operating segment combines and presents products for the human point-of-care medical diagnostics market with our pharmaceutical product line and our out-licensing arrangements because they do not meet the quantitative or qualitative thresholds for reportable segments.

Prior to January 1, 2015, our CAG segment included certain livestock testing services processed within and managed by our CAG Reference Laboratories. We have transitioned the responsibility for these diagnostic services to our LPD segment to more effectively align our business with the nature and customers of these livestock services. Segment revenue and income from operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 has been retrospectively revised in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to reflect this change in the composition of our reportable segments. Revenue related to these livestock testing services was \$4.6 million and \$7.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

Items that are not allocated to our operating segments are as follows: a portion of corporate support function and personnel-related expenses; certain manufacturing costs; corporate research and development expenses that do not align with one of our existing business or service categories; the difference between estimated and actual share-based compensation expense; and certain foreign currency exchange gains and losses. These amounts are shown under the caption "Unallocated Amounts."

We estimate our share-based compensation expense, corporate support function expenses and certain personnel-related costs and allocate the estimated expenses to the operating segments. This allocation differs from actual expense and consequently yields a difference that is reported under the caption "Unallocated Amounts."

With respect to manufacturing costs, the costs reported in our operating segments include our standard cost for products sold and any variances from standard cost for products purchased or manufactured within the period. We capitalize these variances for inventory on hand at the end of the period to record inventory in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We then record these variances as cost of product revenue as that inventory is sold. The impact to cost of product revenue resulting from this variance capitalization and subsequent recognition is reported within the caption "Unallocated Amounts."

Additionally, in certain geographies where we maintain inventories in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, the product costs reported in our operating segments include our standard cost for products sold, which is stated at the budgeted currency exchange rate from the beginning of the fiscal year. In these geographies, the variances from standard cost for products sold related to changes in currency exchange rates are reported within the caption "Unallocated Amounts."

The following is a summary of segment performance for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

			For	the '	Three Moi	nths l	Ended Jun	e 30	),		
	CAG		Water		LPD		Other	U	nallocated Amounts	Co	nsolidated Total
\$	351,620	\$	25,051	\$	32,059	\$	4,613	\$		\$	413,343
\$	67,875	\$	11,954	\$	5,895	\$	(237)	\$	2,816	\$	88,303
_								_			(6,700)
											81,603
											24,665
											56,938
											26
										\$	56,912
\$	322,129	\$	24,487	\$	37,307	\$	6,199	\$	-	\$	390,122
\$	66,924	\$	10,064	\$	10,747	\$	(249)	\$	(4,267)	\$	83,219
											(2,477)
											80,742
											23,498
											57,244
											26
										\$	57,218
_			Fo	r the	Six Mont	hs E	nded June	_			
	0.0							U	nallocated	Co	nsolidated
					I PD		Other		Amounte		
_	CAG		Water	_	LPD		Other		Amounts	_	Tota
\$		\$	46,749	\$		s	9,591	\$	Amounts	\$	
\$	676,151	\$		\$	63,329	\$		\$		\$	
<u>\$</u> \$		\$		<u>\$</u>		\$ \$	9,591	<u>\$</u>			795,820
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329			Ė		\$	795,820 161,106
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė			795,820 161,106 (12,579
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė			795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė			795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė			795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,516
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė			795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,516
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė			795,820 161,106 (12,579) 148,527 45,011 103,516
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė		\$	795,820 161,106 (12,579) 148,527 45,011 103,516
\$	676,151 120,304	\$	46,749 21,413	\$	63,329	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$	(12,579) 148,527 45,011 103,516 10 103,506
<u> </u>	676,151	<u> </u>	46,749		63,329		9,591	Ė		\$	795,820 161,106 (12,579) 148,527 45,011 103,516
\$	676,151 120,304	\$	46,749 21,413	\$	63,329	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579) 148,527 45,011 103,516 10 103,506
<u>\$</u>	676,151 120,304 620,857	\$	46,749 21,413 45,908	\$	63,329 11,846 71,518	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579) 148,527 45,011 103,516 10 103,506
<u>\$</u>	676,151 120,304 620,857	\$	46,749 21,413 45,908	\$	63,329 11,846 71,518	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,516 10 103,506 750,325 153,265 (4,780
<u>\$</u>	676,151 120,304 620,857	\$	46,749 21,413 45,908	\$	63,329 11,846 71,518	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,506 750,325 153,265 (4,780 148,485
<u>\$</u>	676,151 120,304 620,857	\$	46,749 21,413 45,908	\$	63,329 11,846 71,518	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,516 103,506 750,325 153,265 (4,780 148,485 44,648
<u>\$</u>	676,151 120,304 620,857	\$	46,749 21,413 45,908	\$	63,329 11,846 71,518	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,516 10 103,506 750,325 153,265 (4,780 148,485 44,648 103,837
<u>\$</u>	676,151 120,304 620,857	\$	46,749 21,413 45,908	\$	63,329 11,846 71,518	\$	9,591 (431)	\$	7,974	\$ \$	795,820 161,106 (12,579 148,527 45,011 103,516 10 103,506
	\$	\$ 351,620 \$ 67,875 \$ 322,129 \$ 66,924	\$ 351,620 \$ \$ \$ 67,875 \$ \$ \$ \$ 66,924 \$	CAG         Water           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064	CAG         Water           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$             \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$   For the	CAG         Water         LPD           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$ 32,059           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$ 5,895           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$ 37,307           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747	CAG         Water         LPD           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$ 32,059         \$           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$ 5,895         \$           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$ 37,307         \$           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$	CAG         Water         LPD         Other           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$ 32,059         \$ 4,613           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$ 5,895         \$ (237)           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$ 37,307         \$ 6,199           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)	CAG         Water         LPD         Other           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$ 32,059         \$ 4,613         \$           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$ 5,895         \$ (237)         \$           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$ 37,307         \$ 6,199         \$           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)         \$   For the Six Months Ended June 30,	CAG         Water         LPD         Other Amounts           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$ 32,059         \$ 4,613         \$ -           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$ 5,895         \$ (237)         \$ 2,816           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$ 37,307         \$ 6,199         \$ -           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)         \$ (4,267)	CAG         Water         LPD         Other         Unallocated Amounts         Control Amounts           \$ 351,620         \$ 25,051         \$ 32,059         \$ 4,613         \$ - \$           \$ 67,875         \$ 11,954         \$ 5,895         \$ (237)         \$ 2,816         \$           \$ 322,129         \$ 24,487         \$ 37,307         \$ 6,199         \$ - \$         \$           \$ 66,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)         \$ (4,267)         \$           \$ 5         \$ 6,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)         \$ (4,267)         \$           \$ 60,924         \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)         \$ (4,267)         \$           \$ 10,064         \$ 10,747         \$ (249)         \$ (4,267)         \$

The following is a summary of revenue by product and service category for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
CAG segment revenue:									
CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue:	\$	300,146	\$	276,949	\$	578,911	\$	532,830	
IDEXX VetLab <sup>®</sup> consumables		100,743		89,113		199,135		173,434	
VetLab service and accessories		14,018		13,433		27,548		26,504	
Rapid assay products		52,182		49,493		95,819		92,552	
Reference laboratory diagnostic and consulting services		133,203		124,910		256,409		240,340	
CAG Diagnostics capital - instruments		24,064		18,993		44,178		37,580	
Customer information management and digital imaging systems		27,410		26,187		53,062		50,447	
CAG segment revenue		351,620		322,129		676,151		620,857	
Water segment revenue		25,051		24,487		46,749		45,908	
LPD segment revenue		32,059		37,307		63,329		71,518	
Other segment revenue		4,613		6,199		9,591		12,042	
Total revenue	\$	413,343	\$	390,122	\$	795,820	\$	750,325	

# NOTE 16. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available, and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The Company has certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities that may be measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and certain financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value in our condensed consolidated balance sheets but for which we disclose the fair value. The fair value disclosures of these assets and liabilities are based on a three-level hierarchy, which is defined as follows:

Level 1	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
Level 2	Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
Level 3	Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability. We did not have any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 or transfers in or out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Our marketable debt securities are initially valued at the transaction price and are subsequently remeasured to fair value as of the balance sheet date utilizing third party pricing services. The pricing services utilize industry standard valuation models, including both income and market based approaches and observable market inputs to determine value. Observable market inputs include reportable trades, benchmark yields, credit spreads, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers and other industry and economic events. We validate the prices provided by our third party pricing services by obtaining independent market values from other pricing sources and analyzing pricing data in certain instances.

Our foreign currency exchange contracts and interest rate swap agreements are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. We measure the fair value of our foreign currency exchange contracts classified as derivative instruments using an income approach, based on prevailing market forward rates less the contract rate multiplied by the notional amount. The product of this calculation is then adjusted for counterparty risk. We measure the fair value of our interest rate swaps classified as derivative instruments using an income approach, utilizing a discounted cash flow analysis based on the terms of the contract and the interest rate curve adjusted for counterparty risk.

The amount outstanding under our unsecured revolving credit facility ("Credit Facility") and long-term debt are measured at carrying value in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets though we disclose the fair value of these financial instruments. We determine the fair value of the amount outstanding under our Credit Facility and long-term debt using an income approach, utilizing a discounted cash flow analysis based on current market interest rates for debt issues with similar remaining years to maturity, adjusted for applicable credit risk. Our Credit Facility and long-term debt are valued using Level 2 inputs. The estimated fair value of our Credit Facility approximates its carrying value. The estimated fair value and carrying value of our long-term debt were \$597.4 million and \$598.9 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2015 and \$367.3 million and \$350.0 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2014.

The following tables set forth our assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2015 and at December 31, 2014 by level within the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

As of June 30, 2015		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	 Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	 Balance at June 30, 2015
Assets					
Money market funds(1)	\$	30,384	\$	\$ -	\$ 30,384
Commercial paper <sup>(1)</sup>		-	9,747	-	9,747
Marketable Securities					
Corporate bonds		-	143,088	-	143,088
Agency bonds		-	18,151	-	18,151
U.S. government bonds		-	10,215	-	10,215
Commercial paper (1)		-	3,747	-	3,747
International government bond		_	2,267	-	2,267
Certificate of deposit		-	2,000	-	2,000
Municipal bond		_	 1,402	<u>-</u>	 1,402
Total marketable securities	<u> </u>	_	180,870	 	180,870
Equity mutual funds <sup>(2)</sup>		2,556	-	-	2,556
Foreign currency exchange contracts (3)		-	10,349	-	10,349
Liabilities					
Foreign currency exchange contracts (3)		_	2,109	-	2,109
Deferred compensation <sup>(4)</sup>		2,556	-	-	2,556
Interest rate swaps <sup>(5)</sup>		_	870	-	870

As of December 31, 2014	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for dentical Assets (Level 1)	 Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	 Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	 Balance at December 31, 2014
Assets				
Money market funds(1)	\$ 204,743	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 204,743
Equity mutual funds(2)	2,654		-	2,654
Foreign currency exchange contracts <sup>(3)</sup>	-	12,226	-	12,226
Liabilities				
Foreign currency exchange contracts (3)	-	1,323	-	1,323
Deferred compensation <sup>(4)</sup>	2,654	-	-	2,654
Interest rate swaps <sup>(5)</sup>	-	1,117	-	1,117

<sup>(1)</sup> Money market funds and commercial paper with an original maturity of less than ninety days are included within cash and cash equivalents. The remaining balance of cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consisted of demand deposits. Commercial paper with an original maturity of over ninety days is included within marketable securities.

The estimated fair value of certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, approximate carrying value due to their short maturity.

# NOTE 17. HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

Disclosure within this footnote is presented to provide transparency about how and why we use derivative and non-derivative instruments (collectively 'hedging instruments'), how the instruments and related hedged items are accounted for, and how the instruments and related hedged items affect our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

We are exposed to certain risks related to our ongoing business operations. The primary risks that we manage by using hedging instruments are foreign currency exchange risk and interest rate risk. Our subsidiaries enter into foreign currency exchange contracts to manage the exchange risk associated with their forecasted intercompany inventory purchases and sales for the next year. From time to time, we may also enter into other foreign currency exchange contracts or foreign-denominated debt issuances to minimize the impact of foreign currency fluctuations associated with specific balance sheet exposures, including net investments in certain foreign subsidiaries. We enter into interest rate swaps to minimize the impact of interest rate fluctuations associated with borrowings under our variable-rate Credit Facility.

The primary purpose of our foreign currency hedging activities is to protect against the volatility associated with foreign currency transactions, including transactions denominated in euro, British pound, Japanese yen, Canadian dollar, Australian dollar and Swiss franc. We also utilize natural hedges to mitigate our transaction and commitment exposures. Our corporate policy prescribes the range of allowable hedging activity. We enter into foreign currency exchange contracts with well-capitalized multinational financial institutions, and we do not hold or engage in transactions involving derivative instruments for purposes other than risk management.

<sup>(2)</sup> Equity mutual funds relate to a deferred compensation plan that was assumed as part of a previous business combination. This amount is included within other long-term assets, net. See number (4) below for a discussion of the related deferred compensation liability.

<sup>(3)</sup> Foreign currency exchange contracts are included within other current assets, net; other long-term assets, net; accrued liabilities; or other long-term liabilities depending on the gain (loss) position and anticipated settlement date.

<sup>(4)</sup> A deferred compensation plan assumed as part of a previous business combination is included within accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities. The fair value of our deferred compensation plan is indexed to the performance of the underlying equity mutual funds discussed in number (2) above.

<sup>(5)</sup> Interest rate swaps are included within accrued liabilities.

We recognize all hedging instruments on the balance sheet at fair value at the balance sheet date. Instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment must be recorded at fair value through earnings. To qualify for hedge accounting treatment, cash flow and net investment hedges must be highly effective in offsetting changes to expected future cash flows or fair value on hedged transactions. If the instrument qualifies for hedge accounting, changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument from the effective portion of the hedge are deferred in AOCI, net of tax, and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. We immediately record in earnings the extent to which a hedging instrument is not effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value. We de-designate hedging instruments from hedge accounting when the likelihood of the hedged transaction occurring becomes less than probable. For de-designated instruments, the gain or loss from the time of de-designation through maturity of the instrument is recognized in earnings. Any gain or loss in AOCI at the time of de-designation is reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. See Note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information regarding the effect of hedging instruments on the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

We enter into master netting arrangements with the counterparties to our derivative transactions which permit certain outstanding receivables and payables to be offset in the event of default. Our derivative contracts do not require either party to post cash collateral. We elect to present our derivative assets and liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets on a gross basis. All cash flows related to our foreign currency exchange contracts and interest rate swaps are classified as operating cash flows, which is consistent with the cash flow treatment of the underlying items being hedged.

# Cash Flow Hedges

We have designated our foreign currency exchange contracts and variable-to-fixed interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges as these derivative instruments mitigate the exposure to variability in the cash flows of forecasted transactions attributable to foreign currency exchange and interest rates. Unless noted otherwise, we have also designated our derivative instruments as qualifying for hedge accounting treatment.

We did not de-designate any instruments from hedge accounting treatment during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 or 2014. Gains or losses related to hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were not material. At June 30, 2015, the estimated amount of net gains, net of income tax expense, which are expected to be reclassified out of AOCI and into earnings within the next 12 months, is \$5.8 million if exchange and interest rates do not fluctuate from the levels at June 30, 2015.

We enter into foreign currency exchange contracts for amounts that are less than the full value of forecasted intercompany inventory purchases and sales. Our hedging strategy related to intercompany inventory purchases and sales is to employ the full amount of our planned hedges for the succeeding year at the conclusion of our budgeting process for that year. We primarily utilize foreign currency exchange contracts with durations of less than 24 months. Quarterly, we enter into contracts to hedge incremental portions of anticipated foreign currency transactions for the current and following year. As a result, our risk with respect to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations and the notional value of foreign currency exchange contracts may vary throughout the year. The U.S. dollar is the currency purchased or sold in all of our foreign currency exchange contracts. The notional amount of foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge forecasted intercompany inventory purchases and sales totaled \$203.8 million and \$186.7 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

We have entered into forward fixed interest rate swap agreements to manage the economic effect of variable interest obligations on amounts borrowed under the terms of our Credit Facility. Beginning on March 30, 2012, the variable interest rate associated with \$40 million of borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility became effectively fixed at 1.36% plus the range of applicable interest rate fixed credit spreads ("Credit Spread") through June 30, 2016. Beginning on March 28, 2013, the variable interest rate associated with an additional \$40 million of borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility became effectively fixed at 1.64% plus the Credit Spread through June 30, 2016.

#### **Net Investment Hedge**

In June 2015, we issued and sold through a private placement an aggregate principal amount of €88.9 million (approximately USD \$100 million) in euro-denominated 1.785% Series C Senior Notes due June 18, 2025. We have designated these euro-denominated notes as a hedge of our euro net investment in certain foreign subsidiaries to reduce the volatility in stockholders' equity caused by changes in foreign currency exchange rates in the euro relative to the U.S. dollar. As a result of this designation, gains and losses from the change in translated U.S. dollar value of these euro-denominated notes are recorded in AOCI rather than to earnings. We recorded a \$0.7 million gain, net of income tax, within AOCI as a result of this net investment hedge for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. This unrealized gain will not be reclassified in earnings until the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the net investment in the hedged foreign operations, all or a portion of the hedge no longer qualifies for hedge accounting treatment or repayment of the loan in full. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements including in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information regarding the issuance of these euro-denominated notes.

# Fair Values of Hedging Instruments Designated as Hedges in Consolidated Balance Sheets

The fair values of hedging instruments and their respective classification on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and amounts subject to offset under master netting arrangements consisted of the following (in thousands):

		Hedging Assets				
			June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Balance Sheet Classification					
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Other current assets	\$	10,062	\$	12,226	
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Other long-term assets, net		287		-	
Total derivative instruments presented as cash flow hedges or	the balance sheet		10,349		12,226	
Gross amounts subject to master netting arrangements not off	set on the balance sheet		2,108		1,323	
Net amount		\$	8,241	\$	10,903	
			Hedging I	Liabilit		
			June 30,		December 31,	
			2015		2014	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Balance Sheet Classification					
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Accrued liabilities	\$	1,227	\$	1,323	
Foreign currency exchange contracts	Other long-term liabilities		882		-	
Interest rate swaps	Accrued liabilities		870		1,117	
Total derivative instruments presented as cash flow hedges or	the balance sheet		2,979		2,440	
Foreign currency borrowings designated as net						
investment hedge on the balance sheet	Long-term debt		98,925		_	
Total hedging instruments presented on the balance sheet			101,904		2,440	
Gross amounts subject to master netting arrangements not off	set on the balance sheet		2,108		1,323	
Net amount		\$	99,796	\$	1,117	

The effect of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges on the condensed consolidated balance sheets consisted of the following (in thousands):

,	 (Loss) Gain Recognized in AOCI on Derivative Instruments (Effective Portion)												
	For the Three Jun	Months le 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,										
Derivative instruments	 2015		2014		2015		2014						
Cash flow hedging derivatives:													
Foreign currency exchange contracts, net of tax	\$ (6,349)	\$	(1,698)	\$	(2,170)	\$	(2,215)						
Interest rate swaps, net of tax	114		25		156		140						
Total cash flow hedges	\$ (6,235)	\$	(1,673)	\$	(2,014)	\$	(2,075)						

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements which, to the extent they are not statements of historical fact, constitute "forward-looking statements." Such forward-looking statements about our business and expectations within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, include statements relating to future revenue growth rates, earnings and other measures of financial performance; the effect of economic conditions on our business performance; demand for our products; impact of transitioning to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S.; changes in working capital demands; realizability of assets; future cash flow and uses of cash; future repurchases of common stock; future levels of indebtedness and capital spending; interest expense; warranty expense; share-based compensation expense; and competition. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "expects," "may," "anticipates," "intends," "would," "will," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "should," and similar words and expressions. These forward-looking statements are intended to provide our current expectations or forecasts of future events; are based on current estimates, projections, beliefs, and assumptions; and are not guarantees of future performance. Actual events or results may differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "2014 Annual Report") and this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as those described from time to time in our other periodic reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

Any forward-looking statements represent our estimates only as of the day this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was first filed with the SEC and should not be relied upon as representing our estimates as of any subsequent date. From time to time, oral or written forward-looking statements may also be included in other materials released to the public. While we may elect to update forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we specifically disclaim any obligation to do so, even if our estimates or expectations change.

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with our 2014 Annual Report that includes additional information about us, our results of operations, our financial position and our cash flows, and with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Business Overview and Trends

Operating Segments. We operate primarily through three business segments: diagnostic and information technology-based products and services for the veterinary market, which we refer to as the Companion Animal Group ("CAG"), water quality products ("Water") and diagnostic tests for livestock and poultry health and to ensure the quality and safety of milk and food, which we refer to as Livestock, Poultry and Dairy ("LPD"). Our Other operating segment combines and presents products for the human point-of-care medical diagnostics market ("OPTI Medical") with our pharmaceutical product line and our out-licensing arrangements because they do not meet the quantitative or qualitative thresholds for reportable segments.

CAG develops, designs, manufactures and distributes products and performs services for veterinarians and the bioresearch market, primarily related to diagnostics and information management. Water develops, designs, manufactures and distributes a range of products used in the detection of various microbiological parameters in water. LPD develops, designs, manufactures and distributes diagnostic tests and related instrumentation that are used to detect a wide range of diseases and monitor the health status in livestock and poultry, as well as products that ensure the quality and safety of milk and food. OPTI Medical develops, designs, manufactures and distributes point-of-care electrolyte and blood gas analyzers and related consumable products for the human medical diagnostics market.

Prior to January 1, 2015, our CAG segment included certain livestock testing services processed within our CAG Reference Laboratories. We have transitioned the responsibility for these diagnostic services from our CAG segment to our LPD segment to more effectively align our business with the nature and customers of these livestock services. Segment revenue and income from operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 has been retrospectively revised in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to reflect this change in the composition of our reportable segments.

Revenue related to these livestock diagnostic services was \$4.6 million and \$7.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. This reclassification of revenue between segments increased our LPD organic revenue growth by 5.9% and 5.2% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the same periods of the prior year. The reclassification decreased our CAG, CAG Diagnostic Recurring, and Reference Laboratory Diagnostic and Consulting Services organic revenue growth rates by 0.6%, 0.7% and 1.5%, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 0.5%, 0.6% and 1.3%, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2014, as compared to the same periods of the prior year.

#### **Effects of Certain Factors on Results of Operations**

<u>Distributor Purchasing and Inventories</u>. When selling our products through distributors, changes in distributors' inventory levels can impact our reported sales, and these changes may be affected by many factors, which may not be directly related to underlying demand for our products by veterinary practices, which are the end-users. Therefore, we believe it is important to track sales to end users in the relevant periods by our significant distributors in order to distinguish between the impact of end-user demand and the impact of distributor purchasing dynamics on our reported revenue in those periods. Effective January 1, 2015, we fully transitioned to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S., however changes in prior year U.S. distributors' inventory levels can still impact current year reported growth results. In certain countries internationally, we continue to sell our products through third party distributors. Although we are unable to obtain data for sales to end users from certain less significant non-U.S. third party distributors, we do not believe the impact of changes in these distributors' inventories had or would have a material impact on our growth rates in the relevant periods.

Where growth rates are affected by changes in end-user demand, we refer to this as the impact of practice-level sales on growth. Where growth rates are affected by distributor purchasing dynamics, we refer to this as the impact of changes in distributors' inventories on growth. If during the current year, distributors' inventories grew by less than those inventories grew in the comparable period of the prior year, then changes in distributors' inventories would have an unfavorable impact on our reported sales growth in the current period. Conversely, if during the current year, distributors' inventories grew by more than those inventories grew in the comparable period of the prior year, then changes in distributors' inventories would have a favorable impact on our reported sales growth in the current period.

Effective January 1, 2015, we fully transitioned to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. and did not renew our existing contracts with our former key U.S. distribution partners after their expiration at the end of 2014. Under this approach, we take orders, ship product, invoice and receive payment for all rapid assay test kits and instrument consumables in the U.S., aligning with our direct model for instruments, reference laboratory services, and other CAG products and services.

We incurred transition costs to implement this all-direct sales strategy in the U.S., including approximately \$5 million in incremental expense during the year ended December 31, 2014, resulting from the ramp up of sales and operating resources. We also incurred \$9.5 million in non-recurring expenses during the year ended December 31, 2014, associated with project management and other one-time costs required to implement this new strategy. Further, we incurred one-time transitional impacts related to the drawdown of distributor inventory in the fourth quarter of 2014, resulting in a reduction in revenue and operating profit of \$25 million and \$21 million, respectively.

During the three months ended December 31, 2014, we began recognizing revenue on rapid assay kits and instrument consumables upon delivery to end users in the U.S., instead of at distribution. We expect to capture additional revenue that was previously earned by our distribution partners, net of other changes related to this all-direct strategy, such as free next-day shipping and a new returns policy for expired product. We refer to this net additional revenue as distributor margin capture. This net incremental revenue allows us to expand our sales, marketing and customer support resources, which we expect will drive future revenue growth, and to build out our distribution capability. We expect investments in these areas will scale over time based on our expected future growth rates and provide accretive benefits to operating profit. Also as a result of the transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S., we anticipate increased working capital demands, including inventory costs previously borne by our distributors, and incremental accounts receivable resulting from a potentially longer elapsed time to collect our receivables.

Currency Impact. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, approximately 25% of our consolidated revenue was derived from products manufactured in the U.S. and sold internationally in local currencies, as compared to 27% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. Strengthening of the rate of exchange for the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies has a negative impact on our revenues derived in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and on profits of products manufactured in the U.S. and sold internationally, and a weakening of the U.S. dollar has the opposite effect. Similarly, to the extent that the U.S. dollar is stronger in current or future periods relative to the exchange rates in effect in the corresponding prior periods, our growth rate will be negatively affected. The impact of foreign currency denominated operating expenses and foreign currency denominated supply contracts partly offset this exposure. Additionally, our designated hedges of intercompany inventory purchases and sales help delay the impact of certain exchange rate fluctuations on non-U.S. denominated revenues.

Our foreign currency exchange risk is comprised of three components: 1) local currency revenues and expenses; 2) the impact of settled hedge contracts; and 3) intercompany and monetary balances for our subsidiaries that are denominated in a currency that is different from the functional currency used by each subsidiary. Based on projected revenues and expenses for 2015, excluding the impact of intercompany and monetary balances denominated in currencies other than the functional subsidiary currencies, we estimate a 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar would reduce operating income by approximately \$9 million. The impact of the intercompany and monetary balances referred to in the third component above have been excluded, as they are transacted at multiple times during the year, and we are not able to reliably forecast the impact of changes in exchange rates on these transactions.

The impact on revenue resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates is not a measure defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), otherwise referred to herein as a non-GAAP financial measure. As exchange rates are an important factor in understanding period-to-period comparisons, we believe the presentation of results normalized for changes in currency in addition to reported results helps improve investors' ability to understand our operating results and evaluate our performance in comparison to prior periods.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, changes in foreign currency exchange rates decreased total company revenue by approximately \$25.6 million and \$46.9 million respectively, due primarily to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against all major foreign currencies in which we transact, including the euro, Australian dollar, Canadian dollar, British pound, Japanese yen, and Brazilian real. Additionally, these changes in foreign currency exchange rates reduced total company operating profit by \$6.7 million and diluted earnings per share by \$0.05 during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and reduced operating profit and diluted earnings per share by \$12.0 million and \$0.09 respectively during the six months ended June 30, 2015. This unfavorable impact is net of offsetting foreign currency hedging gains, which increased total company operating profit by \$5.1 and \$9.5 million and diluted earnings per share by \$0.04 and \$0.07 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, at our current currency exchange rate assumptions, we anticipate that the strengthening of the U.S. dollar relative to major foreign currencies in which we transact will decrease total company revenue by approximately \$86.0 million. Additionally, these changes in foreign currency exchange rates are expected to reduce total company operating profit by \$17.9 million and diluted earnings per share by \$0.13. This unfavorable impact is net of offsetting foreign currency hedging gains, which are expected to increase total company operating profit by \$20.8 million and diluted earnings per share by \$0.16 during the twelve months ended December 31, 2015.

Effects of Economic Conditions. Demand for our products and services is vulnerable to changes in the economic environment, including slow economic growth, high unemployment and credit availability. Negative or cautious consumer sentiment can lead to reduced or delayed consumer spending, resulting in a decreased number of patient visits to veterinary clinics. Unfavorable economic conditions can impact sales of instruments, digital radiography and practice management systems, which are larger capital purchases for veterinarians. Additionally, economic turmoil can cause our customers to remain sensitive to the pricing of our products and services. In the U.S., we monitor patient visits and clinic revenue data provided by a subset of our CAG customers. Although limited and susceptible to short-term impacts such as weather, we believe that this data provides a fair and meaningful long-term representation of the trend in patient visit activity in the U.S., providing us insight regarding demand for our products and services.

Economic conditions can also affect the purchasing decisions of our Water and LPD business customers. In the past, water testing volumes have been susceptible to declines in discretionary testing and in mandated testing as a result of decreases in home and commercial construction. Fiscal difficulties can also reduce government funding for water and livestock testing programs.

We believe that the diversity of our products and services and the geographic diversity of our markets partially mitigate the potential effects of the economic environment and negative consumer sentiment on our revenue growth rates.

Effects of Patent Expiration. Although the Company had and will have several patents and licenses of patents and technologies from third parties expire during 2014 and 2015, the expiration of these patents or licenses, individually or in the aggregate, is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position or future operations due to a range of factors including our brand strength and reputation in the marketplace; the breadth, quality and integration of our product offerings; our existing customer relationships and our customer support; our sales force; the applicable regulatory approval status for certain products; our continued investments in innovative product improvements that often result in new technologies and/or additional patents; and our significant know-how, scale and investments related to manufacturing processes of associated product offerings.

#### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The significant accounting policies used in preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report, except for our significant accounting policies related to marketable securities, which is discussed in Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed in our 2014 Annual Report in the section under the heading "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates."

#### Results of Operations

The analysis and discussion included under the headings "Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 – Revenue" and "Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 – Revenue" focuses on organic revenue growth, and references in this analysis and discussion to "revenue," "revenues" or "revenue growth" are references to "organic revenue growth." Organic revenue growth is a non-GAAP financial measure and represents the percentage change in revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period for the prior year, net of the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and acquisitions. Organic revenue growth should be considered in addition to, and not as a replacement for or as a superior measure to, revenues reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Management believes that reporting organic revenue growth provides useful information to investors by facilitating easier comparisons of our revenue performance with prior and future periods and to the performance of our peers. We exclude the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates because changes in foreign currency exchange rates are not under management's control, are subject to volatility and can obscure underlying business trends. We exclude the effect of acquisitions because the nature, size and number of acquisitions can vary dramatically from period to period and therefore can also obscure underlying business trends.

Organic revenue growth and the percentage changes in revenue from foreign currency exchange rates and acquisitions are non-GAAP financial measures. See the subsection above titled "Effects of Certain Factors on Results of Operations – Currency Impact" for a description of the calculation of the percentage change in revenue resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The percentage change in revenue resulting from acquisitions represents incremental revenues attributable to acquisitions that have occurred since the beginning of the prior year period.

# Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

# Revenue

**Total Company.** The following table presents revenue by operating segment:

Net Revenue (dollars in thousands)	 For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	_	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	Percentage Change from Currency	Percentage Change from Acquisitions	Organic Revenue Growth
CAG	\$ 351,620	\$ 322,129	\$	29,491	9.2%	(5.9%)	0.7%	14.4%
Water	25,051	24,487		564	2.3%	(6.1%)	-	8.4%
LPD	32,059	37,307		(5,248)	(14.1%)	(12.6%)	-	(1.5%)
Other	4,613	6,199		(1,586)	(25.6%)	(1.0%)	-	(24.6%)
Total	\$ 413,343	\$ 390,122	\$	23,221	6.0%	(6.5%)	0.5%	12.0%

**U.S. and International Revenue.** The following table provides further analysis of total company revenue by domestic and international markets:

Net Revenue (dollars in thousands)	 For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	N	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	Percentage Change from Currency	Percentage Change from Acquisitions	- 0
United States	\$ 254,242	\$	225,336	\$ 28,906	12.8%	-	0.2%	12.6%
International	159,101		164,786	(5,685)	(3.4%)	(15.4%)	0.9%	11.1%
Total	\$ 413,343	\$	390,122	\$ 23,221	6.0%	(6.5%)	0.5%	12.0%

The increase in both U.S. and international revenues was driven by CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue. The increase in international revenues was driven by strong growth in Europe, Asia-Pacific markets and North America, most significantly from Canada, China, Japan, Germany, the United Kingdom and France. U.S. revenue benefitted from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014. The impact of prior year changes in distributors' inventory levels increased reported U.S. revenue growth by 2% and did not have a significant impact on international revenue growth.

Companion Animal Group. The following table presents revenue by product and service category for CAG:

Net Revenue (dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	Percentage Change from Currency	Percentage Change from Acquisitions	Organic Revenue Growth
CAG Diagnostics							
recurring revenue:	\$ 300,146 \$	276,949 \$	23,197	8.4%	(6.1%)	0.4%	14.1%
VetLab consumables	100,743	89,113	11,630	13.1%	(7.4%)	-	20.5%
VetLab service and							
accessories	14,018	13,433	585	4.4%	(6.9%)	-	11.3%
Rapid assay products	52,182	49,493	2,689	5.4%	(3.1%)	-	8.5%
Reference laboratory							
diagnostic and							
consulting services	133,203	124,910	8,293	6.6%	(6.5%)	1.0%	12.1%
CAG Diagnostics							
capital - instruments	24,064	18,993	5,071	26.7%	(11.1%)	-	37.8%
Customer information							
management and							
digital imaging systems	27,410	26,187	1,223	4.7%	(0.6%)	3.2%	2.1%
Net CAG revenue	\$ 351,620 \$	322,129 \$	29,491	9.2%	(5.9%)	0.7%	14.4%

The increase in CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue was due primarily to higher sales of our VetLab consumables and our reference laboratory diagnostic services resulting from both increased volumes and higher realized prices. CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue benefitted from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014. Changes in distributors' inventory levels increased reported CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue by 2%.

VetLab consumables revenue growth was due to both higher sales volumes and higher average unit sales prices. The increase in unit volumes resulted primarily from growth in testing from existing customers, an increase of our installed base for our Catalyst and ProCyte  $Dx^{\circ}$  instruments as a result of net customer acquisitions as well as an expanded menu of available tests. Additionally, VetLab consumables revenue benefited from higher average unit sales prices, resulting primarily from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014. The impact of prior year changes in distributors' inventory levels increased reported consumables revenue growth by 2%.

VetLab service and accessories revenue growth was primarily a result of the increase in our active installed base of instruments. VetLab service and accessories revenue also benefited from higher average unit sales prices, resulting primarily from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014.

The increase in rapid assay revenue was due primarily to higher average unit sales prices resulting from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. Additionally, we benefited from the favorable impact from changes in distributors' inventory levels, which increased reported revenue growth by 6%. These favorable factors were partly offset by a decline in feline and canine SNAP volumes in the U.S., which are primarily attributable to certain earlier generation rapid assay products where we are facing increased competition.

The increase in reference laboratory diagnostic and consulting services revenue was due primarily to the impact of higher testing volumes throughout our worldwide network of laboratories, most prominently in the U.S., resulting from increased testing from existing customers and the net acquisition of new customers. Additionally, the increase in revenue was the result of higher average unit sales prices due to price increases.

The increase in CAG Diagnostics capital instruments revenue was due primarily to placements of our Catalyst One™ analyzer in Europe and North America. Additionally, we benefitted from the recognition of revenue previously deferred associated with preorders for our Catalyst One analyzer during the twelve months ended December 31, 2014. These favorable factors were partly offset by lower average unit sales prices realized on our instrument placements. Catalyst One is our latest generation chemistry analyzer, which we launched in North America during the fourth quarter of 2014 and in Europe and the Asia-Pacific region during the first and second quarters of 2015, respectively. Additionally, we launched Catalyst One in Brazil during the second quarter of 2015 and are planning a more widespread launch within Latin America during the third quarter of 2015. Under our 2014 Catalyst One introductory offer, customers were provided with the right to use a Catalyst Dx instrument through the Catalyst One delivery date. Deferred instrument revenue under this marketing program was \$3 million as of June 30, 2015, which will not be recognized until delivery of the Catalyst One instruments or customer election to keep the Catalyst Dx occurs later in 2015.

The increase in customer information management and digital imaging systems revenue was due primarily to higher service revenue resulting from an increase in our active installed base of digital imaging and practice management systems, higher revenues from increasing Pet Health Network® Pro and 3D subscriber bases and higher revenues from other customer information management services. These favorable factors were partly offset by a decrease in sales of our digital radiography systems, including the impact of an increase in placement activity under up-front customer loyalty programs for which the consideration and related revenue will be received and recognized over future periods, and lower revenues from hardware upgrades. We previously benefitted from an increase in hardware upgrades during the three months ended June 30, 2014 as Microsoft ended support for Windows XP. During the third quarter of 2015, we plan to launch a software-as-a-service (SaaS) based practice information management system and digital radiography picture archiving and communication system in North America. Under this delivery model, we will provide hosted software in the cloud on a subscription basis, which our customers will be able to access through a web browser or smartphone.

Water. Higher sales volumes of our Colilert® and Quanti-Tray® products and accessories resulted from both increased sales to existing customers and customer acquisitions in all major regions.

**Livestock, Poultry and Dairy.** The decrease in LPD revenue resulted primarily from lower sales volumes of our livestock testing services in the Asia-Pacific region, partly offset by higher dairy sales due primarily to increased sales volumes in China and Europe and higher volumes of our swine product in the Asia-Pacific region.

**Other.** The decrease in Other revenue was due primarily to lower sales volumes of our pharmaceutical product line and our OPTI Medical blood gas analyzers. These unfavorable factors were partly offset by higher sales volumes of our OPTI Medical consumables.

# **Gross Profit**

Total Company. The following table presents gross profit and gross profit percentages by operating segment:

Gross Profit (dollars in thousands)	 Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
CAG	\$ 192,546	54.8% \$	177,754	55.2% \$	14,792	8.3%
Water	18,016	71.9%	16,107	65.8%	1,909	11.9%
LPD	19,486	60.8%	24,390	65.4%	(4,904)	(20.1%)
Other	2,361	51.2%	2,743	44.2%	(382)	(13.9%)
Unallocated amounts	348	N/A	(2,476)	N/A	2,824	(114.1%)
Total Company	\$ 232,757	56.3% \$	218,518	56.0% \$	14,239	6.5%

Companion Animal Group. Gross profit for CAG increased due to higher sales, partly offset by a slight reduction in the gross profit percentage. The decrease in gross profit percentage was due primarily to unfavorable product mix, resulting mainly from higher relative instrument revenue and lower relative revenue from our rapid assay test kits. This unfavorable factor was partly offset by lower overall VetLab product costs due to both higher production volumes and a decrease in materials costs and higher average unit sales prices attributed to distributor margin capture, net of related incremental freight and distribution expenses relating to our transition within the U.S. to an all-direct sales strategy for our rapid assay test kits and VetLab consumables. Additionally, we benefitted from the positive net effect of currency, resulting from hedging gains during the three months ended June 30, 2015, which more than offset the unfavorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

**Water.** Gross profit for Water increased due primarily to an increase in the gross profit percentage from 66% to 72% and higher sales. The increase in the gross profit percentage resulted from the expiration of certain royalties on December 31, 2014, lower overall product costs due to a decrease in material costs and higher production volumes, and the positive net effect of currency. The positive net effect of currency resulted from higher relative hedging gains during the three months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year, which more than offset the unfavorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

**Livestock, Poultry and Dairy.** Gross profit for LPD decreased due to lower sales and a decrease in the gross profit percentage from 65% to 61%. The decrease in the gross profit percentage resulted from lower realized efficiencies resulting from a decrease in our Asia-Pacific region livestock testing services, higher overall product costs due to a decrease in livestock and poultry volumes, and lower average unit sales prices on our dairy products. These unfavorable factors were partly offset by the positive net effect of currency, as higher relative hedging gains during the three months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year, more than offset the unfavorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

**Other.** Gross profit for Other decreased due to lower sales, partly offset by an increase in the gross profit percentage from 44% to 51%. The increase in the gross profit percentage was due primarily to lower overall product costs resulting from higher production volumes and a more favorable product mix due to higher relative sales of OPTI Medical consumables. These favorable factors were partly offset by lower average unit sales prices on these OPTI Medical consumables.

**Unallocated Amounts.** Gross profit for Unallocated Amounts increased due primarily to a decrease in certain manufacturing costs.

The manufacturing costs reported in our operating segments include our standard cost for products sold and any variances from standard cost for products purchased or manufactured within the period. We capitalize these variances for inventory on hand at the end of the period to record inventory in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We then record these variances as cost of product revenue as that inventory is sold. The impact to cost of product revenue resulting from this variance capitalization and subsequent recognition is reported within the caption "Unallocated Amounts." The net favorable impact to gross profit resulting from decreased manufacturing costs was due to the capitalization of favorable manufacturing variances, primarily within our LPD and rapid assay businesses, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2014. A portion of these favorable variances were recognized within Unallocated Amounts during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

# **Operating Expenses and Operating Income**

Total Company. The following tables present operating expenses and operating income by operating segment:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)		For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	-	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
CAG	\$	124.671	35.5% \$	110.830	34.4%	\$	13,841	12.5%
Water	φ	6.062	24.2%	6,043	24.7%	φ	13,641	0.3%
LPD		13,591	42.4%	13,643	36.6%		(52)	(0.4%)
Other		2,598	56.3%	2,992	48.3%		(394)	(13.2%)
Unallocated amounts		(2,468)	N/A	1,791	N/A		(4,259)	(237.8%)
Total Company	\$	144,454	34.9% \$	135,299	34.7%	\$	9,155	6.8%
Operating Income (dollars in thousands)		For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
CAG	\$	67,875	19.3% \$	66,924	20.8%	\$	951	1.4%
Water		11,954	47.7%	10,064	41.1%		1,890	18.8%
LPD		5,895	18.4%	10,747	28.8%		(4,852)	(45.1%)
Other		(237)	(5.1%)	(249)	(4.0%)		12	4.8%
		(231)	(3.170)					
Unallocated amounts		2,816	N/A	(4,267)	N/A		7,083	(166.0%)

Companion Animal Group. The following table presents CAG operating expenses by functional area:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)	 For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	_	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 65,828	18.7% \$	58,416	18.1%	\$	7,412	12.7%
General and administrative	40,767	11.6%	34,159	10.6%		6,608	19.3%
Research and development	 18,076	5.1%	18,255	5.7%		(179)	(1.0%)
Total operating expenses	\$ 124,671	35.5% \$	110,830	34.4%	\$	13,841	12.5%

The increase in sales and marketing expense was due primarily to increased personnel-related costs, resulting primarily from our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014 as well as increases in global commercial resources, partly offset by the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The increase in general and administrative expense resulted primarily from higher personnel-related costs and credit card fees associated with our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014, partly offset by the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Research and development expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was generally consistent with the same period of the prior year.

Water. The following table presents Water operating expenses by functional area:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)	 For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 3,075	12.3%	\$ 2,840	11.6%	\$ 235	8.3%
General and administrative	2,214	8.8%	2,306	9.4%	(92)	(4.0%)
Research and development	 773	3.1%	897	3.7%	 (124)	(13.8%)
Total operating expenses	\$ 6,062	24.2%	\$ 6,043	24.7%	\$ 19	0.3%

The increase in sales and marketing expense was due primarily to higher personnel-related costs and increased spending on promotional activities, partly offset by the favorable impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Both general and administrative and research and development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were generally consistent with the same period of the prior year.

Livestock, Poultry and Dairy. The following table presents LPD operating expenses by functional area:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)	 For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 5,947	18.6% \$	6,081	16.3%	\$ (134)	(2.2%)
General and administrative	4,731	14.8%	4,160	11.2%	571	13.7%
Research and development	2,913	9.1%	3,402	9.1%	(489)	(14.4%)
Total operating expenses	\$ 13,591	42.4% \$	13,643	36.6%	\$ (52)	(0.4%)

The decrease in sales and marketing expense was due primarily to the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, partly offset by higher personnel-related costs. The increase in general and administrative expense resulted from higher personnel-related costs, partly offset by the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The decrease in research and development expense was due primarily to lower materials costs, the favorable impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and lower personnel-related costs.

**Other.** Operating expenses for Other, which totaled \$2.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, decreased \$0.4 million as compared to the same period of the prior year due primarily to a reduction in OPTI Medical spending for external product development, promotional activities and a reduction in personnel-related costs.

**Unallocated Amounts.** Operating expenses that are not allocated to our operating segments decreased \$4.3 million to negative \$2.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 due primarily to a decrease in personnel-related costs, including the realization of certain state tax incentives during the second quarter of 2015. We estimate certain personnel-related costs and allocate the estimated expenses to the operating segments. This allocation differs from actual expense and consequently yields a difference that is reported under the caption "Unallocated Amounts." These favorable impacts were partly offset by the absence of a gain realized on the disposition of an equity investment during the three months ended June 30, 2014. See Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding the disposition of this strategic investment.

#### **Interest Income and Interest Expense**

Interest income was \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Interest expense was \$7.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$3.0 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase in interest expense was due primarily to approximately \$450 million in senior notes that we issued and sold through private placements between July 2014 and June 2015, for which fixed interest rates range from 1.785% to 3.76%. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding our senior notes. In addition, increased interest expense resulted from the impact of higher average borrowings outstanding on our unsecured revolving credit facility ("Credit Facility").

#### **Provision for Income Taxes**

Our effective income tax rate was 30.2% and 29.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in our effective rate for the three months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period of the prior year was related to the resolution of domestic and international tax audits in the period ending June 30, 2014 which resulted in a net reduction in our provision for income taxes in that period. This unfavorable factor was partly offset by greater tax benefits related to earnings subject to international tax rates that are lower than domestic tax rates during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

# Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

# Revenue

**Total Company.** The following table presents revenue by operating segment:

Net Revenue (dollars in thousands)		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	Percentage Change from Currency	Percentage Change from Acquisitions	Organic Revenue Growth
G L G	¢	676 151 4	620.057. ¢	55.204	0.00/	(5.70()	0.60/	14.00/
CAG	\$	676,151	620,857 \$	55,294	8.9%	(5.7%)	0.6%	14.0%
Water		46,749	45,908	841	1.8%	(5.6%)	-	7.4%
LPD		63,329	71,518	(8,189)	(11.5%)	(12.1%)	-	0.6%
Other		9,591	12,042	(2,451)	(20.4%)	(1.1%)	-	(19.3%)
Total	\$	795,820 \$	5 750,325 \$	45,495	6.1%	(6.2%)	0.5%	11.8%

**U.S. and International Revenue.** The following table provides further analysis of total company revenue by domestic and international markets:

Net Revenue (dollars in thousands)	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Dollar Change	rcentage Change	Percentage Change from Currency	Percentage Change from Acquisitions	Organic Revenue Growth
					,,,,,	,	
United States	\$ 489,650	\$ 432,930	\$ \$ 56,720	13.1%	-	0.2%	12.9%
International	306,170	317,395	(11,225)	(3.5%)	(14.6%)	0.9%	10.2%
Total	\$ 795,820	\$ 750,325	\$ \$ 45,495	6.1%	(6.2%)	0.5%	11.8%

The increase in both U.S. and international revenues was driven by CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue. The increase in international revenues was driven by strong growth in Europe, Asia-Pacific markets and North America, most significantly from Canada, China, the United Kingdom and Japan. U.S. revenue benefitted from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014. The impact of prior year changes in distributors' inventory levels increased reported U.S. revenue growth by 1% and did not have a significant impact on international revenue growth.

Companion Animal Group. The following table presents revenue by product and service category for CAG:

Net Revenue (dollars in thousands)	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	Percentage Change from Currency	Percentage Change from Acquisitions	Organic Revenue Growth
CAG Diagnostics							
recurring revenue:	\$ 578,911 \$	532,830 \$	46,081	8.6%	(5.9%)	0.4%	14.1%
VetLab consumables	199,135	173,434	25,701	14.8%	(7.1%)	-	21.9%
VetLab service and					(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
accessories	27,548	26,504	1,044	3.9%	(6.5%)	-	10.4%
Rapid assay products	95,819	92,552	3,267	3.5%	(2.9%)	-	6.4%
Reference laboratory							
diagnostic and							
consulting services	256,409	240,340	16,069	6.7%	(6.1%)	0.9%	11.9%
CAG Diagnostics							
capital - instruments	44,178	37,580	6,598	17.6%	(11.1%)	-	28.7%
Customer information							
management and							
digital imaging systems	53,062	50,447	2,615	5.2%	(0.7%)	3.2%	2.7%
Net CAG revenue	\$ 676,151 \$	620,857 \$	55,294	8.9%	(5.7%)	0.6%	14.0%

The increase in CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue was due primarily to higher sales of our VetLab consumables and our reference laboratory diagnostic services resulting from both increased volumes and higher realized prices. CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue benefitted from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014. Changes in distributors' inventory levels increased reported CAG Diagnostics recurring revenue by 1%.

VetLab consumables revenue growth was due to both higher sales volumes and higher average unit sales prices. The increase in unit volumes resulted primarily from growth in testing from existing customers, an increase of our installed base for our Catalyst and ProCyte  $Dx^{\oplus}$  instruments as a result of net customer acquisitions, as well as an expanded menu of available tests. Additionally, VetLab consumables revenue benefited from higher average unit sales prices, resulting primarily from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014. The impact of prior year changes in distributors' inventory levels increased reported consumables revenue growth by 2%.

VetLab service and accessories revenue growth was primarily a result of the increase in our active installed base of instruments. VetLab service and accessories revenue also benefited from higher average unit sales prices, resulting primarily from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014.

The increase in rapid assay revenue was due primarily to higher average unit sales prices resulting from distributor margin capture relating to our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. Additionally, we benefitted from the favorable impact from changes in distributors' inventory levels, which increased reported revenue growth by 2%. These favorable factors were partly offset by a decline in feline and canine SNAP volumes in the U.S., which are primarily attributable to certain earlier generation rapid assay products where we are facing increased competition.

The increase in reference laboratory diagnostic and consulting services revenue was due primarily to the impact of higher testing volumes throughout our worldwide network of laboratories, most prominently in the U.S., resulting from increased testing from existing customers and the net acquisition of new customers. Additionally, the increase in revenue was the result of higher average unit sales prices due to price increases.

The increase in CAG Diagnostics capital instruments revenue was due primarily to placements of our Catalyst One analyzer in Europe and North America. Additionally, we benefitted from the recognition of revenue previously deferred associated with preorders for our Catalyst One analyzer during the twelve months ended December 31, 2014. These favorable factors were partly offset by lower average unit sales prices realized on our instrument placements.

The increase in customer information management and digital imaging systems revenue was due primarily to higher service revenue resulting from an increase in our active installed base of digital imaging and practice management systems, higher revenues from increasing Pet Health Network® Pro and 3D subscriber bases and higher revenues from other customer information management services. These favorable factors were partly offset by a decrease in sales of our digital radiography and practice management systems, primarily resulting from the impact of an increase in placement activity under up-front customer loyalty programs for which the consideration and related revenue will be received and recognized over future periods.

Water. Higher sales volumes of our Colilert® and Quanti-Tray products and accessories resulted from both increased sales to existing customers and customer acquisitions in all major regions.

**Livestock, Poultry and Dairy.** The decrease in LPD revenue resulted primarily from lower sales volumes of our livestock testing services in the Asia-Pacific region, partly offset by increased dairy sales due primarily to higher sales volumes in China and Europe and higher sales volumes of our poultry and swine test products in China.

Other. The decrease in Other revenue was due primarily to lower sales volumes of our pharmaceutical product line and our OPTI Medical blood gas analyzers. These unfavorable factors were partly offset by higher sales volumes of our OPTI Medical consumables

# **Gross Profit**

Total Company. The following table presents gross profit and gross profit percentages by operating segment:

Gross Profit (dollars in thousands)	 Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
CAG	\$ 368,391	54.5% \$	341,270	55.0% \$	27,121	7.9%
Water	33,262	71.2%	30,038	65.4%	3,224	10.7%
LPD	38,489	60.8%	46,244	64.7%	(7,755)	(16.8%)
Other	4,962	51.7%	6,144	51.0%	(1,182)	(19.2%)
Unallocated amounts	 3,197	N/A	(3,081)	N/A	6,278	(203.8%)
Total Company	\$ 448,301	56.3% \$	420,615	56.1% \$	27,686	6.6%

Companion Animal Group. Gross profit for CAG increased due to higher sales, partly offset by a slight reduction in the gross profit percentage. The decrease in gross profit percentage was due primarily to unfavorable product mix, resulting mainly from higher relative instrument revenue and lower relative revenue from our rapid assay test kits. This unfavorable factor was partly offset by higher average unit sales prices, primarily resulting from distributor margin capture, net of related freight and distribution expenses relating to our transition within the U.S. to an all-direct sales strategy for our rapid assay test kits and VetLab consumables, and the positive net effect of currency. The positive net effect of currency resulted from hedging gains during the six months ended June 30, 2015, which more than offset the unfavorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

**Water.** Gross profit for Water increased due primarily to an increase in the gross profit percentage from 65% to 71% and higher sales. The increase in the gross profit percentage resulted from the expiration of certain royalties on December 31, 2014, the positive net effect of currency and lower overall product costs due to higher production volumes and a decrease in material costs. The positive net effect of currency resulted from higher relative hedging gains during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year, which more than offset the unfavorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

**Livestock, Poultry and Dairy.** Gross profit for LPD decreased due to lower sales and a decrease in the gross profit percentage from 65% to 61%. The decrease in the gross profit percentage resulted from a one-time decrease in royalty expense which occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2014, resulting from an executed agreement with a licensor of patents related to the sale of certain swine tests, lower realized efficiencies resulting from a decrease in Asia-Pacific region livestock testing services and higher overall product costs due to a decrease in livestock and poultry volumes. These unfavorable factors were partly offset by the positive net effect of currency, as higher relative hedging gains during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year, more than offset the unfavorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Other. Gross profit for Other decreased due to lower sales, partly offset by an increase in the gross profit percentage from 51% to 52%. The increase in the gross profit percentage was due primarily to a more favorable product mix as the positive impact of higher relative sales of OPTI Medical consumables more than offset the impact from lower relative sales of our pharmaceutical product line. This favorable factor was partly offset by lower average unit sales prices on the aforementioned OPTI Medical consumables.

**Unallocated Amounts.** Gross profit for Unallocated Amounts increased due primarily to a decrease in certain manufacturing costs.

The manufacturing costs reported in our operating segments include our standard cost for products sold and any variances from standard cost for products purchased or manufactured within the period. We capitalize these variances for inventory on hand at the end of the period to record inventory in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We then record these variances as cost of product revenue as that inventory is sold. The impact to cost of product revenue resulting from this variance capitalization and subsequent recognition is reported within the caption "Unallocated Amounts." The net favorable impact to gross profit resulting from decreased manufacturing costs was due to the capitalization of favorable manufacturing variances, primarily within our LPD and rapid assay businesses, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2014. A portion of these favorable variances were recognized within Unallocated Amounts during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

# **Operating Expenses and Operating Income**

Total Company. The following tables present operating expenses and operating income by operating segment:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
CAG	\$	248.087	36.7% \$	220,342	35.5%	\$	27,745	12.6%
Water	Ψ	11,849	25.3%	11,858	25.8%	Ψ	(9)	(0.1%)
LPD		26,643	42.1%	27,178	38.0%		(535)	(2.0%)
Other		5,393	56.2%	5,804	48.2%		(411)	(7.1%)
Unallocated amounts		(4,777)	N/A	2,168	N/A		(6,945)	(320.3%)
Total Company	\$	287,195	36.1% \$	267,350	35.6%	\$	19,845	7.4%
Operating Income (dollars in thousands)		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue		Dollar Change	Percentage Change
	\$	Months Ended		Months Ended		\$		
(dollars in thousands)	 \$	Months Ended June 30, 2015	Revenue	Months Ended June 30, 2014	Revenue	\$	Change	Change
(dollars in thousands) CAG	\$	Months Ended June 30, 2015	17.8% \$	Months Ended June 30, 2014 120,928	Revenue	\$	Change (624)	(0.5%)
(dollars in thousands)  CAG Water	\$	Months Ended June 30, 2015 120,304 21,413	17.8% \$ 45.8%	Months Ended June 30, 2014 120,928 18,180	19.5% 39.6%	\$	(624) 3,233	(0.5%) 17.8%
(dollars in thousands)  CAG  Water  LPD	\$	Months Ended June 30, 2015 120,304 21,413 11,846	17.8% \$ 45.8% 18.7%	Months Ended June 30, 2014 120,928 18,180 19,067	19.5% 39.6% 26.7%	\$	(624) 3,233 (7,221)	(0.5%) 17.8% (37.9%)

Companion Animal Group. The following table presents CAG operating expenses by functional area:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)	 For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 132,215	19.6% \$	116,621	18.8%	\$ 15,594	13.4%
General and administrative	79,701	11.8%	69,051	11.1%	10,650	15.4%
Research and development	36,171	5.3%	34,670	5.6%	1,501	4.3%
Total operating expenses	\$ 248,087	36.7% \$	220,342	35.5%	\$ 27,745	12.6%

The increase in sales and marketing expense was due primarily to increased personnel-related costs, resulting primarily from our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014 as well as increases in global commercial resources, partly offset by the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The increase in general and administrative expense resulted primarily from higher personnel-related costs and credit card fees associated with our transition to an all-direct sales strategy in the U.S. during the fourth quarter of 2014, partly offset by the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The increase in research and development expense resulted primarily from higher personnel-related costs, partly offset by lower external development costs.

Water. The following table presents Water operating expenses by functional area:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)	 For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	-	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	_	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 5,985	12.8%	\$	5,676	12.4%	\$	309	5.4%
General and administrative	4,385	9.4%		4,606	10.0%		(221)	(4.8%)
Research and development	 1,479	3.2%		1,576	3.4%		(97)	(6.2%)
Total operating expenses	\$ 11,849	25.3%	\$	11,858	25.8%	\$	(9)	(0.1%)

The increase in sales and marketing expense was due primarily to higher personnel-related costs and increased spending on promotional activities, partly offset by the favorable impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The decrease in general and administrative expense was due primarily to the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Research and development expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was generally consistent with the same period of the prior year.

**Livestock**, **Poultry and Dairy**. The following table presents LPD operating expenses by functional area:

Operating Expenses (dollars in thousands)	 For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Percent of Revenue	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Percent of Revenue	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
Sales and marketing	\$ 11,382	18.0% \$	12,118	16.9%	\$ (736)	(6.1%)
General and administrative	9,402	14.8%	8,446	11.8%	956	11.3%
Research and development	5,859	9.3%	6,614	9.2%	(755)	(11.4%)
Total operating expenses	\$ 26,643	42.1% \$	27,178	38.0%	\$ (535)	(2.0%)

The decrease in sales and marketing was due primarily to the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The increase in general and administrative expense resulted from higher personnel-related costs, partly offset by the favorable impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The decrease in research and development expense was due primarily to the favorable impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, a decrease in personnel-related costs and lower materials costs.

**Other.** Operating expenses for Other, which totaled \$5.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, decreased \$0.4 million, as compared to the same period of the prior year, due primarily to a reduction in OPTI Medical spending for external product development and the favorable impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

**Unallocated Amounts.** Operating expenses that are not allocated to our operating segments decreased \$6.9 million to negative \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 due primarily to a decrease in personnel-related costs including the realization of certain state tax incentives during the six months ended June 30, 2015. We estimate certain personnel-related costs and allocate the estimated expenses to the operating segments. This allocation differs from actual expense and consequently yields a difference that is reported under the caption "Unallocated Amounts." These favorable impacts were partly offset by the absence of a gain realized on the disposition of an equity investment during the six months ended June 30, 2014. See Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding the disposition of this strategic investment.

#### **Interest Income and Interest Expense**

Interest income was \$1.0 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Interest expense was \$13.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$5.7 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase in interest expense was due primarily to approximately \$450 million in senior notes that we issued and sold through private placements between July 2014 and June 2015, for which fixed interest rates range from 1.785% to 3.76%. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding our senior notes. In addition, increased interest expense resulted from the impact of higher average borrowings outstanding on our Credit Facility.

#### **Provision for Income Taxes**

Our effective income tax rate was 30.3% and 30.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in our effective rate for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to the same period of the prior year was related to the resolution of domestic and international tax audits in the period ending June 30, 2014, which resulted in a net reduction in our provision for income taxes in that period. This unfavorable factor was partly offset by greater tax benefits related to earnings subject to international tax rates that are lower than domestic tax rates during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

#### \* Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently issued accounting pronouncements did not have and are not expected to have a significant effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### Liquidity

We fund the capital needs of our business through cash on hand, funds generated from operations, and amounts available under our \$700 million Credit Facility. In addition we issued \$150 million of senior notes in February 2015 and \( \pm 8.9 \) million (approximately \$100 million) of euro-denominated senior notes in June 2015. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we purchased marketable debt securities using a portion of our cash balances. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we had \$344.0 million and \$322.5 million, respectively, of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities. Working capital, including our Credit Facility, totaled \$57.6 million and negative \$61.5 million, respectively, at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. Additionally, at June 30, 2015, we had remaining borrowing availability of \$201.0 million under our \$700 million Credit Facility. We believe that, if necessary, we could obtain additional borrowings at similar rates to our existing borrowings to fund our growth objectives. We further believe that current cash and cash equivalents, our portfolio of short-duration marketable securities, funds generated from operations and committed borrowing availability will be sufficient to fund our operations, capital purchase requirements, and anticipated growth needs for the next twelve months. We believe that these resources, coupled with our ability, as needed, to obtain additional financing on favorable terms will be sufficient for the foreseeable future to fund our business as currently conducted.

We consider the majority of the operating earnings of certain non-U.S. subsidiaries to be indefinitely invested outside the U.S. No provision has been made for the payment of U.S. federal and state or international taxes that may result from future remittances of these undistributed earnings of non-U.S. subsidiaries. Changes to this position could have adverse tax consequences. A determination of the related tax liability that would be paid on these undistributed earnings if repatriated is not practicable. We manage our worldwide cash requirements considering available funds among all of our subsidiaries. Our foreign cash and marketable securities are generally available without restrictions to fund ordinary business operations outside the U.S.

Of our total cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at June 30, 2015, approximately \$343.2 million was held by our foreign subsidiaries and was subject to material repatriation tax effects. The marketable securities held by the Company were high investment grade with original maturities of two years or less. Of our \$180.9 million in marketable securities held as of June 30, 2015, approximately 79% of the fair value of our marketable securities consisted of corporate bonds, 10% consisted of agency bonds, with the remainder consisting of U.S. and Canadian government bonds, municipal bonds, commercial paper and certificates of deposit. Of our \$163.2 million of cash and cash equivalents held as of June 30, 2015, 75% was held as bank deposits, 12% was invested in money market funds restricted to U.S. government and agency securities, 7% was invested in money market funds invested in highly liquid investment-grade fixed-income securities and 6% consisted of commercial paper with original maturities of less than ninety days. As of June 30, 2015, approximately 66% of the cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities held by our foreign subsidiaries were held in U.S. dollars.

Should we require more capital in the U.S. than is generated by our operations domestically, for example to fund significant discretionary activities, we could elect to repatriate future earnings from foreign jurisdictions or raise capital in the U.S. through debt or equity issuances. These alternatives could result in higher effective tax rates or increased interest expense and other dilution of our earnings. We have borrowed funds domestically and continue to have the ability to borrow funds domestically at reasonable interest rates.

The following table presents additional key information concerning working capital:

	For the Inree Months Ended							
	June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	June 30, 2014			
Days sales outstanding(1)	43.7	41.6	40.6	39.2	40.8			
Inventory turns <sup>(2)</sup>	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8			

<sup>(1)</sup> Days sales outstanding represents the average of the accounts receivable balances at the beginning and end of each quarter divided by revenue for that quarter, the result of which is then multiplied by 91.25 days.

<sup>(2)</sup> Inventory turns represent inventory-related cost of product revenue for the 12 months preceding each quarter-end divided by the inventory balance at the end of the quarter.

#### Sources and Uses of Cash

The following table presents cash (used) provided:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,						
(dollars in thousands)		2015		2014	Dollar Change		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	65,522	\$	115,280 \$	(49,758)		
Net cash used by investing activities		(227,587)		(21,346)	(206,241)		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		3,269		(69,509)	72,778		
Net effect of changes in exchange rates on cash		(588)		1,565	(2,153)		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(159,384)	\$	25,990 \$	(185,374)		

**Operating Activities.** Cash provided by operating activities was \$65.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to \$115.3 million for the same period of the prior year. The total of net income and net non-cash charges, excluding the impact of reclassifying the tax benefit from share-based compensation arrangements to a financing activity, was \$145.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to \$136.4 million for the same period in 2014, resulting in incremental operating cash flows of \$9.5 million driven primarily by the impact of higher net income, net of depreciation and amortization expense and lower deferred income tax benefits. The total of changes in operating assets and liabilities and the tax benefit from share-based compensation arrangements decreased cash by \$80.4 million and \$21.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, resulting in an incremental decrease in cash of \$59.3 million.

The following table presents cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities and the tax benefit from share-based compensation arrangements:

	Fo	or the Six Months	<b>Ended Jun</b>	e 30,	
(dollars in thousands)		2015		2014	Dollar Change
Accounts receivable	\$	(57,126)	\$	(9,786)	\$ (47,340)
Inventories		(16,023)		(5,575)	(10,448)
Other assets		32,792		(2,950)	35,742
Accounts payable		(2,992)		337	(3,329)
Accrued liabilities		(27,589)		(3,344)	(24,245)
Deferred revenue		(706)		8,139	(8,845)
Tax benefit from share-based compensation					
arrangements		(8,746)		(7,960)	(786)
Total	\$	(80,390)	\$	(21,139)	\$ (59,251)

The incremental cash used by accounts receivable during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was due primarily to our transition to an all-direct strategy in the U.S., including the establishment of accounts receivable directly with our U.S. end-users that previously purchased from our U.S. distribution partners, which have taken a longer elapsed time to collect. Additionally, accounts receivable was impacted by increased revenues during the six months ended June 30, 2015, relative to the same period in the prior year, including the margin capture associated with the aforementioned all-direct strategy. The incremental cash used by accrued liabilities was due primarily to higher relative payments related to employee incentive programs during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year. The incremental cash used by inventory during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period in the prior year, was driven by new products, higher demand for our CAG diagnostic instruments and VetLab consumables, and lower than expected demand for our rapid assay and OPTI Medical products. The cash used by deferred revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to cash provided during the same period of the prior year was due primarily to sales under our Catalyst One introductory offer during 2014 for which we recognized the revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2015 upon delivery of the Catalyst One instruments or customer election to keep the Catalyst Dx instruments The increase in cash provided by other assets during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period in the prior year, was due primarily to higher income taxes receivable resulting from the timing of the Tax Increase Prevention Act enactment late in the fourth quarter of 2014 and the recognition of deferred cost of Catalyst instruments during the six months ended June 30, 2015 under the aforementioned Catalyst One introductory offer.

We historically have experienced proportionally lower net cash flows from operating activities during the first quarter and proportionally higher cash flows from operating activities for the remainder of the year and for the annual period driven primarily by payments related to annual employee incentive programs in the first quarter following the year for which the bonuses were earned and the seasonality of vector-borne disease testing, which has historically resulted in significant increases in accounts receivable balances during the first quarter of the year.

**Investing Activities.** Cash used by investing activities was \$227.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to \$21.3 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase in cash used by investing activities was due primarily to the purchase of marketable securities during the first half of 2015. Incremental capital investments in our reference laboratory equipment and facilities during the six months ended June 30, 2015 also contributed to the increase in cash used by investing activities.

Our total capital expenditure plan for 2015 is estimated to be approximately \$100 million, which includes capital investments in manufacturing and reference laboratory equipment, investments in internal use software and information technology infrastructure and the renovation and expansion of our facilities and reference laboratories.

**Financing Activities.** Cash provided by financing activities was \$3.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to cash used of \$69.5 million for the same period in 2014. The incremental cash provided by financing activities was due to the aggregate issuance of approximately \$250 million of senior notes during the six months ended June 30, 2015, partly offset by net repayments under the Credit Facility during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to net borrowings during the six months ended June 30, 2014.

In June 2015, we entered into an Amended and Restated Multi-Currency Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement (the "Amended Agreement"), among the Company, Prudential Investment Management, Inc. ("Prudential") and the accredited institutional purchasers named therein, which amends and restates the Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement dated July 21, 2014. Pursuant to the Amended Agreement, we issued and sold through a private placement a principal amount of €8.9 million (approximately \$100 million) of 1.785% Series C Senior Notes due June 18, 2025 (the "2025 Notes"). We used the net proceeds from this issuance and sale of the 2025 Notes for general corporate purposes, including repaying amounts outstanding under our Credit Facility.

In December 2014, we entered into a Multi-Currency Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement (the "MetLife Agreement") with accredited institutional purchasers named therein pursuant to which we agreed to issue and sell \$75 million of 3.25% Series A Senior Notes having a seven-year term (the "2022 Notes") and \$75 million of 3.72% Series B Senior Notes having a twelve-year term (the "2027 Notes"). In February 2015, we issued and sold the 2022 Notes and the 2027 Notes pursuant to the MetLife Agreement. We used the net proceeds from these issuance and sales for general corporate purposes, including repaying amounts outstanding under our Credit Facility.

Cash used to repurchase shares of our common stock increased by \$23.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year. From the inception of our share repurchase program in August 1999 to June 30, 2015, we have repurchased 55.7 million shares. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we purchased 3.1 million shares for an aggregate cost of \$220.1 million, as compared to purchases of 3.1 million shares for an aggregate cost of \$196.6 million during 2014. We believe that the repurchase of our common stock is a favorable means of returning value to our shareholders and we also repurchase our stock to offset the dilutive effect of our share-based compensation programs. Repurchases of our common stock may vary depending upon the level of other investing activities and the share price. See Note 10 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information about our share repurchases.

Net borrowing and repayment activity under the Credit Facility resulted in incremental cash used of \$158.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same period of the prior year. At June 30, 2015, we had \$498.0 million outstanding under the Credit Facility. The general availability of funds under the Credit Facility was further reduced by \$1.0 million for a letter of credit that was issued in connection with claims under our workers' compensation policy. The Credit Facility contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants customary for financings of this type. The negative covenants include restrictions on liens, indebtedness of subsidiaries of the Company, fundamental changes, investments, transactions with affiliates and certain restrictive agreements. The financial covenant is a consolidated leverage ratio test that requires our ratio of debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and share-based compensation not to exceed 3.5-to-1. At June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with the covenants of the Credit Facility. The obligations under the Credit Facility may be accelerated upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Credit Facility, which includes customary events of default including payment defaults, defaults in the performance of the affirmative, negative and financial covenants, the inaccuracy of representations or warranties, bankruptcy and insolvency related defaults, defaults relating to judgments, certain events related to employee pension benefit plans under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, the failure to pay specified indebtedness, cross-acceleration to specified indebtedness and a change of control default.

Since December 2013, we have issued and sold through private placements senior notes having an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$600 million pursuant to certain note purchase agreements (collectively, the "Senior Note Agreements"). The Senior Note Agreements contain affirmative, negative and financial covenants customary for agreements of this type. The negative covenants include restrictions on liens, indebtedness of our subsidiaries, priority indebtedness, fundamental changes, investments, transactions with affiliates, certain restrictive agreements and violations of laws and regulations. The financial covenant is a consolidated leverage ratio test that requires our ratio of debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and share-based compensation, as defined in the Senior Note Agreements, not to exceed 3.5-to-1. At June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with the covenants of the Senior Note Agreements. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding our senior notes.

Should we elect to prepay the senior notes, such aggregate prepayment will include the applicable make-whole amount(s), as defined within the applicable Senior Note Agreements. Additionally, in the event of a change in control of the Company or upon the disposition of certain assets of the Company the proceeds of which are not reinvested (as defined in the Senior Note Agreements), we may be required to prepay all or a portion of the Senior Notes. The obligations under the Senior Notes may be accelerated upon the occurrence of an event of default under the applicable Senior Note Agreement, each of which includes customary events of default including payment defaults, defaults in the performance of the affirmative, negative and financial covenants, the inaccuracy of representations or warranties, bankruptcy and insolvency related defaults, defaults relating to judgments, certain events related to employee pension benefit plans under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, the failure to pay specified indebtedness and cross-acceleration to specified indebtedness.

# Other Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees

Significant commitments, contingencies and guarantees at June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed in the section under the heading "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources," and in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report, with the exception of approximately \$250 million of long-term debt issued during the six months ended June 30, 2015. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2014 Annual Report for additional information regarding our senior notes.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting IDEXX, see the section under the heading "Part II, Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" of our 2014 Annual Report.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we purchased marketable debt securities, which are classified as available-for-sale and carried at fair value in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The fair value of our cash equivalents and marketable securities is subject to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2015, we estimate that a 1% increase in market interest rates would decrease the fair value of our marketable securities portfolio by approximately \$1.1 million.

Additionally, our cash equivalents and marketable securities are subject to credit risk. The fair value of our investments can be negatively impacted by liquidity, credit deterioration, financial results and other factors. To minimize this risk, we invest in high quality investments with original maturities of two years or less. We perform periodic evaluations of the credit ratings related to the cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities.

As of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there have been no additional material changes to the market risks described in our 2014 Annual Report.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures, as defined by the SEC in its Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures at June 30, 2015, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

#### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the six months ended June 30, 2015 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Due to the nature of our activities, we are at times subject to pending and threatened legal actions that arise out of the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, based in part upon advice of legal counsel, the disposition of any such currently pending matters is not expected to have a material effect on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. However, the results of legal actions cannot be predicted with certainty. Therefore, it is possible that our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows could be materially adversely affected in any particular period by the unfavorable resolution of one or more legal actions.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our 2014 Annual Report, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The following risk factors ("Strengthening of the Rate of Exchange for the U.S. Dollar Has a Negative Effect on Our Business" and "Increased Competition and Technological Advances by Our Competitors Could Negatively Affect Our Operating Results") reflect material changes relative to similar discussion within our 2014 Annual Report. Additionally, we have added one risk factor ("Risks Associated with Fluctuations in the Market Values of our Investment Portfolio") in response to our purchase of marketable securities during the six months ended June 30, 2015. Except as described in this Item 1A., there have been no other material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in the 2014 Annual Report. The risks described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our 2014 Annual Report are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results.

#### Strengthening of the Rate of Exchange for the U.S. Dollar Has a Negative Effect on Our Business

Any strengthening of the rate of exchange for the U.S. dollar against non-U.S. currencies, and in particular the euro, British pound, Canadian dollar, Japanese yen, Australian dollar and Brazilian real, adversely affects our results, as it reduces the dollar value of sales that are made in those currencies and reduces the profits on products manufactured or sourced in U.S. dollars and exported to international markets. A strengthening U.S. dollar could also negatively impact the ability of customers outside the U.S. to pay for purchases denominated in U.S. dollars. The accumulated impacts from any continued, longer-term growth in the value of the U.S. dollar against non-U.S. currencies may have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, approximately 25% of our consolidated revenue was derived from products manufactured in the U.S. and sold internationally in local currencies, as compared to 27% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, as compared to the same periods of the prior year, changes in foreign currency exchange rates decreased our revenues by approximately \$25.6 million and \$46.9 million, respectively, due primarily to the strengthening of the rate of exchange for the U.S. dollar against all major non-U.S. currencies in which we conduct business. Additionally, our operating profit and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were reduced by \$6.7 million and \$0.05 per share, respectively, which are net of offsetting gains of \$5.1 million and \$0.04 per share, respectively, from our foreign currency hedging activities. Our operating profit and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were reduced by \$12.0 million and \$0.09 per share, respectively, which are net of offsetting gains of \$9.5 million and \$0.07 per share, respectively, from our foreign currency hedging activities.

Our foreign currency hedging activities (see Note 17 — Hedging Instruments in the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements), which are designed to minimize and delay, but not to completely eliminate, the effects of foreign currency fluctuations, may not sufficiently offset the adverse financial effect of unfavorable movements in foreign exchange rates on our financial results over the limited time the hedges are in place. As we primarily use foreign currency exchange contracts with durations of less than 24 months and enter into contracts to hedge incremental portions of anticipated foreign currency transactions on a quarterly basis for the current and following year, the effectiveness of our foreign currency hedging activities to offset longer-term appreciation in the value of the U.S. dollar against non-U.S. currencies may be limited. Factors that could affect the effectiveness of our hedging activities include accuracy of sales and other forecasts, volatility of currency markets, and the cost and availability of hedging instruments. Since the hedging activities are designed to minimize volatility, they not only reduce the negative impact of a stronger U.S. dollar, but they also reduce the positive impact of a weaker U.S. dollar. Our future financial results could be significantly affected by the value of the U.S. dollar in relation to the foreign currencies in which we conduct business. The degree to which our financial results are affected for any given time period will depend in part upon our hedging activities.

At our current foreign exchange rate assumptions, we anticipate that this continued strengthening will have a material adverse effect on our operating results by decreasing our revenues, operating profit and diluted earnings per share for the twelve months ending December 31, 2015 by approximately \$86.0 million, \$17.9 million and \$0.13 per share, respectively, net of anticipated offsetting gains from our foreign currency hedging activities of \$20.8 million and \$0.16 per share to operating profit and diluted earnings per share, respectively. The actual impact, however, of any continued strengthening of the U.S. dollar on our operating results may materially differ from our expectations described above.

# Increased Competition and Technological Advances by Our Competitors Could Negatively Affect Our Operating Results

We face intense competition within the markets in which we sell our products and services and we expect that future competition may become even more intense. Competition could negatively affect our sales and profitability in a number of ways. New competitors may enter our markets through the development of new technology, the acquisition of rights to use existing technologies or the use of existing technologies when patents protecting such existing technologies expire. New or existing competitors may introduce new and competitive products and services, which could be superior to our products and services. Some of our competitors and potential competitors may choose to differentiate themselves by offering products and services similar to ours at lower sales prices, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations through loss of market share or a decision to lower our own sales prices to remain competitive. In addition, our ability to attract and retain customers depends on the effectiveness of our customer marketing and incentive programs and multiple competitors could bundle product and service offerings through co-marketing or other arrangements, which could enhance their ability to compete with our broad product and service offering. With our transition to an all-direct sales strategy for our kits and consumables in the U.S. effective January 1, 2015, we did not renew our distribution agreements with our former key U.S. distribution partners after their expiration at the end of 2014, including exclusive distribution agreements with some of the largest U.S. distributors of companion animal veterinary products. We historically sold significant amounts of our kits and consumables through our former U.S. distribution partners, and two of our previously exclusive U.S. distribution partners joined a third former U.S. distribution partner by beginning to carry competitive instruments, consumables and rapid assay products in the fourth quarter of 2014. The promotion and sale of our competitors' products by our former U.S. distribution partners may adversely affect the retention of our customers for our kits and consumables and the sales and distribution of our products, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations. Some of our competitors and potential competitors, including large diagnostic and pharmaceutical companies, also have substantially greater financial resources than us, and greater experience in manufacturing, marketing, research and development and obtaining regulatory approvals than we do.

#### Risks Associated with Fluctuations in the Market Values of our Investment Portfolio

We invest our surplus cash in a diversified portfolio of marketable securities, including corporate bonds, commercial paper, and a short-term money market fund which invests in securities issued or sponsored by the U.S. government. The value and liquidity of these marketable securities may fluctuate substantially, and could be negatively affected by increases in interest rates, downgrades of the bonds and other securities included in our portfolio, instability in the global financial markets, declines in the value of collateral underlying the securities included in our portfolio, geopolitical events or other factors. Any adverse changes in the financial markets and resulting declines in the value of our portfolio could have an adverse impact on our financial condition and operating results.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased shares of common stock as described below:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (a)	A	verage Price Paid per Share (1) (b)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2) (c)	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (d)
April 1 to April 30, 2015	20,100	\$	64.42	20,100	2,202,194
May 1 to May 31, 2015	326,600		66.55	326,600	1,875,594
June 1 to June 30, 2015	544,832 (3)		65.74	543,400	9,332,194
Total	891,532	\$	66.07	890,100	9,332,194

- (1) The Average Price Paid per Share has been adjusted to reflect the June 2015 two-for-one stock split.
- (2) As of June 30, 2015, our Board of Directors had approved the repurchase of up to 65 million shares of our common stock in the open market or in negotiated transactions pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program. The program was approved and announced on August 13, 1999, and the maximum number of shares that may be purchased under the program was subsequently increased on October 4, 1999, November 16, 1999, July 21, 2000, October 20, 2003, October 12, 2004, October 12, 2005, February 14, 2007, February 13, 2008, February 10, 2010, October 12, 2011, May 7, 2013 and July 16, 2014. On June 15, 2015, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase by the Company of up to an additional 8 million shares of our common stock, increasing the total shares of common stock authorized to be repurchased by the Company from up to 57 million to 65 million shares. There is no specified expiration date for this repurchase program. There were no other repurchase programs outstanding during the three months ended June 30, 2015, and no repurchase programs expired during the period. Repurchases of 890,100 shares were made during the three months ended June 30, 2015 in transactions made pursuant to our repurchase program.
- (3) During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we received 1,432 shares of our common stock that were surrendered by employees in payment for the minimum required withholding taxes due on the vesting of restricted stock units and settlement of deferred stock units. In the above table, these shares are included in columns (a) and (b), but excluded from columns (c) and (d). These shares do not reduce the number of shares that may yet be purchased under the repurchase program.

# Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1	Amended and Restated Multi-Currency Note Purchase and Private Shelf Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2015, among the Company, as issuer, Prudential Investment Management, Inc., Pruco Life Insurance Company, The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Prudential Investment Japan Co., Ltd., as investment manager, and Prudential Investment Management, Inc., as sub-adviser for The Gibraltar Life Insurance Co., Ltd., Prudential Arizona Reinsurance Universal Company, as grantor, and Prudential Investment Management, Inc., as investment manager for PAR U Hartford Life Insurance Comfort Trust, Prudential Private Placement Investors, L.P., as investment advisor, and Prudential Private Placement Investors, Inc., as general partner to each of, The Independent Order of Foresters, Zurich American Insurance Company, Globe Life and Accident Insurance Company, Family Heritage Life Insurance Company of America, MTL Insurance Company, The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company, William Penn Life Insurance Company of New York, Farmers Insurance Exchange and Mid Century Insurance Company, as purchasers (filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-19271) filed June 24, 2015, and incorporated herein by reference).
10.2	IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. 1997 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended. *
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
	*Management contract or compensatory arrangement.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# IDEXX LABORATORIES, INC.

Date: July 30, 2015

By: /s/ Brian P. McKeon
Brian P. McKeon
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

# **Exhibit Index**

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	*Management contract or compensatory arrangement.

# IDEXX LABORATORIES, INC.

# 1997 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

As of June 16, 2015

The purpose of this Plan is to provide eligible employees of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. (the "Company") and certain of its subsidiaries with opportunities to purchase shares of the Company's common stock, \$.10 par value (the "Common Stock"), commencing on July 1, 1997. The Plan was initially adopted by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") on February 26, 1997 and approved by stockholders at a meeting held May 21, 1997. The Board amended the Plan, subject to stockholder approval, on February 25, 2003 to increase the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance under the Plan from Four Hundred Twenty Thousand (420,000) shares to Six Hundred Twenty Thousand (620,000) shares. The stockholders approved such increase in shares at the Company's Annual Meeting held May 21, 2003. Pursuant to a 2-for-1 stock split of the Common Stock effective November 5, 2007, the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance under the Plan became One Million Two Hundred Forty Thousand (1,240,000) shares. The Board further amended the Plan, subject to stockholder approval, on February 11, 2009 to increase the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance under the Plan from One Million Two Hundred Forty Thousand (1,240,000) shares to One Million Five Hundred Ninety Thousand (1,590,000) shares. The stockholders approved such increase in shares at the Company's Annual Meeting held May 6, 2009. The Board further amended the Plan, subject to stockholder approval, on December 3, 2014 to, among other things, increase the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance under the Plan from One Million Five Hundred Ninety Thousand (1,590,000) shares to Two Million Two Hundred Ninety Thousand (2,290,000) shares. The stockholders approved such increase in shares at the Company's Annual Meeting held May 6, 2015. Pursuant to a 2-for-1 stock split of the Common Stock paid on June 15, 2015, the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance under the Plan became Four Million Five Hundred Eighty Thousand (4,580,000) shares.

- 1. <u>Administration</u>. The Plan will be administered by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Committee"). The Committee has authority to make rules and regulations for the administration of the Plan and its interpretation and decisions with regard thereto shall be final and conclusive.
- 2. <u>Eligibility</u>. Participation in the Plan will neither be permitted nor denied contrary to the requirements of Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and regulations promulgated thereunder. All employees of the Company, including members of the Board who are employees, and all employees of any subsidiary of the Company (as defined in Section 424(f) of the Code) designated by the Committee from time to time (a "Designated Subsidiary"), are eligible to participate in any one or more of the offerings of Options (as defined in Section 9) to purchase Common Stock under the Plan provided that:
  - (a) they are regularly employed by the Company or a Designated Subsidiary for more than 20 hours a week and for more than five months in a calendar year; and
  - (b) they have been employed by the Company or a Designated Subsidiary for at least one month prior to enrolling in the Plan; and
  - (c) they are employees of the Company or a Designated Subsidiary on the first day of the applicable Plan Period (as defined below).
- 3. Offerings. The Company will make one or more offerings ("Offerings") to employees to purchase stock under this Plan. Offerings will begin each January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1, or the first business day thereafter (the "Offering Commencement Dates"). Each Offering Commencement Date will begin a three-month period (a "Plan Period") during which payroll deductions will be made and held for the purchase of Common Stock at the end of the Plan Period. The Committee may, at its discretion, choose a different Plan Period of twelve (12) months or less for subsequent Offerings.

- 4. Participation. An employee eligible on the Offering Commencement Date of any Offering may participate in such Offering by completing and forwarding a payroll deduction authorization form to the employee's appropriate payroll office prior to the applicable Offering Commencement Date, but not later than the deadline established by the Committee. The form will authorize a regular payroll deduction from the Compensation received by the employee during the Plan Period. Unless an employee files a new form or withdraws from the Plan, his deductions and purchases will continue at the same rate for future Offerings under the Plan as long as the Plan remains in effect. The term "Compensation" generally means the amount of money reportable on the employee's Federal Income Tax Withholding Statement, excluding allowances and reimbursements for expenses such as relocation allowances for travel expenses, income or gains on the exercise of Company stock options or stock appreciation rights, and similar items, whether or not shown on the employee's Federal Income Tax Withholding Statement, but including, in the case of salespersons, sales commissions to the extent determined by the Committee. The Committee will determine eligible Compensation in a uniform and non-discriminatory manner.
- 5. <u>Deductions</u>. The Company will maintain payroll deduction accounts for all participating employees. With respect to any Offering made under this Plan, an employee may authorize a payroll deduction at the rate of 1%, 2%, 3%, 4% or 5% of Compensation with any change in Compensation during the Plan Period to result in an automatic corresponding change in the dollar amount withheld.

No employee may be granted an Option (as defined in Section 9) which permits his rights to purchase Common Stock under this Plan and any other stock purchase plan of the Company and its subsidiaries, to accrue at a rate which exceeds \$25,000 of the fair market value of such Common Stock (determined at the date such Option is granted) for each calendar year in which the Option is outstanding at any time.

In addition, no employee may be granted an option hereunder if such employee, immediately after the option is granted, owns 5% or more of the total combined voting power or value of the stock of the Company or any subsidiary. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the attribution rules of Section 424(d) of the Code shall apply in determining the stock ownership of an employee, and all stock which the employee has a contractual right to purchase shall be treated as stock owned by the employee.

- 6. <u>No Deduction Changes</u>. Except as provided in Section 8 below with respect to withdrawals from participating in an Offering, an employee may not increase or decrease his payroll deduction during a Plan Period.
- 7. <u>Interest.</u> Interest will not be paid on any employee accounts, except to the extent that the Committee, in its sole discretion, elects to credit employee accounts with interest at such per annum rate as it may from time to time determine.
- 8. Withdrawal of Funds. An employee may at any time up to the payroll data submission deadline for the last pay date in a Plan Period and for any reason permanently draw out the balance accumulated in the employee's account and thereby withdraw from participation in an Offering. Partial withdrawals are not permitted. The employee may not begin participation again during the remainder of the Plan Period. The employee may participate in any subsequent Offering in accordance with terms and conditions established by the Committee.
- 9. <u>Purchase of Shares.</u> On the Offering Commencement Date of each Plan Period, subject to the limitations described in section 5, the Company will grant to each eligible employee who is then a participant in the Plan an option (the "Option") to purchase on the last business day of such Plan Period (the "Exercise Date"), at the Option Price hereinafter provided for, a maximum number of whole shares of Common Stock of the Company determined by dividing \$6,250 by the closing price of the Common Stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market on the Offering Commencement Date. To the extent that the Committee chooses a different length for the Plan Period pursuant to Section 3 hereof, the Committee shall adjust the option grant formula to ensure compliance with the \$25,000 limitation set forth in Section 5 hereof.

The purchase price (the "Option Price") for each share purchased will be 85% of the closing price of the Common Stock on the Exercise Date; provided, however, in no event shall the Option Price for any share be less

than 85% of the applicable closing price. Such closing price shall be (a) the closing price on any national securities exchange on which the Common Stock is listed, (b) the closing price of the Common Stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market or (c) the average of the closing bid and asked prices in the over-the-counter-market, whichever is applicable, as published in <a href="The Wall Street Journal">The Wall Street Journal</a>. If no sales of Common Stock were made on such a day, the price of the Common Stock for purposes of clauses (a) and (b) above shall be the reported price for the next preceding day within the Plan Period on which sales were made.

Each employee who continues to be a participant in the Plan on the Exercise Date shall be deemed to have exercised his Option at the Option Price on such date and shall be deemed to have purchased from the Company the number of whole shares of Common Stock reserved for the purpose of the Plan that his accumulated payroll deductions on such date will pay for, but not in excess of, the maximum number determined in the manner set forth above.

Any balance remaining in an employee's payroll deduction account in excess of the Option Price at the end of a Plan Period will be automatically refunded to the employee. Any balance remaining in an employee's payroll deduction account that is less than the Option Price will be refunded to the employee, provided that such amount may, at the discretion of the Committee, remain in the employee's account for the next Plan Period.

- 10. <u>Issuance of Certificates</u>. Certificates representing shares of Common Stock purchased under the Plan may be issued only in the name of the employee, in the name of the employee and another person of legal age as joint tenants with rights of survivorship, or (in the Company's sole discretion) in the name of a brokerage firm, bank or other nominee holder designated by the employee. The Company may, in its sole discretion and in compliance with applicable laws, authorize the use of book entry registration of shares in lieu of issuing stock certificates.
- 11. Rights on Retirement, Death or Termination of Employment. In the event of a participating employee's termination of employment prior to the last business day of a Plan Period, no payroll deduction shall be taken from any pay due and owing to an employee and the balance in the employee's account shall be paid to the employee or, in the event of the employee's death, (a) to a beneficiary previously designated in a revocable notice signed by the employee (with any spousal consent required under state law) or (b) in the absence of such a designated beneficiary, to the executor or administrator of the employee's estate or (c) if no such executor or administrator has been appointed to the knowledge of the Company, to such other person(s) as the Company may, in its discretion, designate. If, prior to the last business day of the Plan Period, the Designated Subsidiary by which an employee is employed shall cease to be a subsidiary of the Company, or if the employee is transferred to a subsidiary of the Company that is not a Designated Subsidiary, the employee shall be deemed to have terminated employment for the purposes of this Plan.
- 12. Optionees Not Stockholders. Neither the granting of an Option to an employee nor the deductions from his pay shall constitute such employee a stockholder of the shares of Common Stock covered by an Option under this Plan until such shares have been purchased by and issued to him.
- 13. <u>Rights Not Transferable</u>. Rights under this Plan are not transferable by a participating employee other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and are exercisable during the employee's lifetime only by the employee.
- 14. <u>Application of Funds</u>. All funds received or held by the Company under this Plan may be combined with other corporate funds and may be used for any corporate purpose.
- 15. Adjustment in Case of Changes Affecting Common Stock. In the event of any stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, combination of shares, reclassification of shares, spin-off or other similar change in capitalization or event, or any distribution to holders of Common Stock other than an ordinary cash dividend, (i) the number and class of securities available under this Plan, (ii) the share limitations set forth in Section 9 and (iii) the Option Price shall be appropriately adjusted to the extent determined by the Committee.

16. Reorganization Events. A "Reorganization Event" shall mean: (a) any merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another entity as a result of which all of the Common Stock of the Company is converted into or exchanged for the right to receive cash, securities or other property or is cancelled, (b) any exchange of all of the Common Stock of the Company for cash, securities or other property pursuant to a share exchange transaction or (c) any liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

In connection with a Reorganization Event, the Committee shall take any one or more of the following actions as to outstanding Options on such terms as the Committee determines: (i) provide that Options shall be assumed, or substantially equivalent Options shall be substituted, by the acquiring or succeeding corporation (or an affiliate thereof), (ii) upon written notice to employees, provide that all outstanding Options will be terminated as of the effective date of the Reorganization Event and that all such outstanding Options will become exercisable to the extent of accumulated payroll deductions as of a date specified by the Committee in such notice, which date shall not be less than ten (10) days preceding the effective date of the Reorganization Event, (iii) upon written notice to employees, provide that all outstanding Options will be cancelled as of a date prior to the effective date of the Reorganization Event and that all accumulated payroll deductions will be returned to participating employees on such date, (iv) in the event of a Reorganization Event under the terms of which holders of Common Stock will receive upon consummation thereof a cash payment for each share surrendered in the Reorganization Event (the "Acquisition Price"), make or provide for a cash payment to an employee equal to (A) the Acquisition Price times the number of shares of Common Stock subject to the employee's Option (to the extent the Option Price does not exceed the Acquisition Price) minus (B) the aggregate Option Price of such Option, in exchange for the termination of such Option, (v) provide that, in connection with a liquidation or dissolution of the Company, Options shall convert into the right to receive liquidation proceeds (net of the Option Price thereof) and (vi) any combination of the foregoing.

For purposes of the clause above, an Option shall be considered assumed if, following consummation of the Reorganization Event, the Option confers the right to purchase, for each share of Common Stock subject to the Option immediately prior to the consummation of the Reorganization Event, the consideration (whether cash, securities or other property) received as a result of the Reorganization Event by holders of Common Stock for each share of Common Stock held immediately prior to the consummation of the Reorganization Event (and if holders were offered a choice of consideration, the type of consideration chosen by the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Common Stock); provided, however, that if the consideration received as a result of the Reorganization Event is not solely common stock of the acquiring or succeeding corporation (or an affiliate thereof), the Company may, with the consent of the acquiring or succeeding corporation, provide for the consideration to be received upon the exercise of Options to consist solely of common stock of the acquiring or succeeding corporation (or an affiliate thereof) equivalent in value (as determined by the Board) to the per share consideration received by holders of outstanding shares of Common Stock as a result of the Reorganization Event.

- 17. <u>Amendment of the Plan</u>. The Board may at any time, and from time to time, amend this Plan in any respect, except that (a) if the approval of any such amendment by the shareholders of the Company is required by Section 423 of the Code, such amendment shall not be effected without such approval, and (b) in no event may any amendment be made which would cause the Plan to fail to comply with Section 423 of the Code.
- 18. <u>Insufficient Shares</u>. In the event that the total number of shares of Common Stock specified in elections to be purchased under any Offering plus the number of shares purchased under previous Offerings under this Plan exceeds the maximum number of shares issuable under this Plan, the Committee will allot the shares then available on a pro rata basis.
- 19. <u>Termination of the Plan</u>. This Plan may be terminated at any time by the Board. Upon termination of this Plan all amounts in the accounts of participating employees shall be promptly refunded.
- 20. <u>Governmental Regulations</u>. The Company's obligation to sell and deliver Common Stock under this Plan is subject to listing on a national stock exchange or quotation on the NASDAQ National Market and the approval of all governmental authorities required in connection with the authorization, issuance or sale of such stock.

The Plan shall be governed by Delaware law except to the extent that such law is preempted by federal law.

- 21. <u>Issuance of Shares</u>. Shares may be issued upon exercise of an Option from authorized but unissued Common Stock, from shares held in the treasury of the Company, or from any other proper source.
- 22. <u>Notification upon Sale of Shares</u>. Each employee agrees, by entering the Plan, to promptly give the Company notice of any disposition of shares purchased under the Plan where such disposition occurs within two years after the date of grant of the Option pursuant to which such shares were purchased.
- 23. <u>Withholding</u>. Each employee shall, no later than the date of the event creating the tax liability, make provision satisfactory to the Company for payment of any taxes required by law to be withheld in connection with any transaction related to Options granted to or shares acquired by such employee pursuant to the Plan. The Company may, to the extent permitted by law, deduct any such taxes from any payment of any kind otherwise due to an employee.
- 24. <u>Effective Date and Approval of Shareholders</u>. The Plan shall take effect on July 1, 1997 subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company as required by Section 423 of the Code, which approval must occur within twelve months of the adoption of the Plan by the Board.

Adopted by the Board of Directors on February 26, 1997

Approved by the Stockholders on May 21, 1997

Amended by the Board of Directors on February 25, 2003

Approved by the Stockholders on May 21, 2003

Amended by the Board of Directors on July 16, 2003

Amended by the Board of Directors on February 3, 2005

Adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split effective November 5, 2007

Amended by the Board of Directors on February 11, 2009

Approved by the Stockholders on May 6, 2009 Amended by the Board of Directors on December 3, 2014

Approved by the Stockholders on May 6, 2015

Adjusted to reflect 2-for-1 stock split paid on June 15, 2015

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Jonathan W. Ayers, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc.;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 30, 2015	
•	Jonathan W. Ayers
	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
	(Principal Executive Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Brian P. McKeon, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc.;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 30, 2015	
•	Brian P. McKeon
	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
	(Principal Financial Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the report on Form 10-Q of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

July 30, 2015	Jonathan W. Ayers
	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and will be retained by IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the report on Form 10-Q of IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

July 30, 2015

Brian P. McKeon

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
and Treasurer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and will be retained by IDEXX Laboratories, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.